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The Democratic Pioneer.

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OCRATIC PIONEER.

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POETRY.

ST FROM CALIFORNIA.

following choice bits of verse are ex-
from a poet who writes for the Cal-
Chronicle "Empty Bags of Wind"
tribute of the effusion:

e leaders of Fashion,
contemptiest of flams,
ful ye are of bartering
ll common sense for shams
ered by your crinolines
Chat bulge a yard behind,
to form a myth, its very pith
An empty bag of wind.

ve ye no sense of beauty
Which God in wisdom made,
Hide yourselves to favor
The grass and whalebone trade?
of the limbs, He fashioned
ce of so lank a kind
ye prefer the mid'ner
nd empty bags of wind.

was when pretty women
ld pass a six foot door.
rumple not their flounces—
y do it now no more.
reets except the broadest,
o narrow now they find,
bloated dear a Mongolfier
alloon—a bag of wind.

, she is but a zephyr,
breath a puff, a whiff,
mistress, disproportioned
Sylphide-to-puff
ves within a bladder
Of emptiness confined,
and wit, go puncture it,
And burst the old bags of wind!

TCH MAN TO HIS BRIDE.

BY WARREN M. HAIGHT.

s have I, dear girl to offer;
ls to deck thy silken hair;
of gold in secret coffer;
ly halls for thee to share;
do not fear to woo thee,
Mary, lovely as thou art,
I've nought with which to sue thee,
ut a fond and doting heart.

ough the world may frown upon us
earthly comforts pass away;
's lamp may shine upon us,
guide our steps and cheer our way.
do not dearest, tarry,
ecuny and woe;
not be too poor to marry,
health and love within us flow.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE RUNAWAY MATCH.

great many years since, when bright
nd fair-headed lassies were not so
in New-England as they now are,
ved in the town, of P———, a
illage distant some miles from the
own, a peculiarly ugly and cross-
but wealthy farmer.
e was Danforth's only child and
ld truly that she would be his
ace. The old man was a sturdy
and was estimated to be worth full
sand dollars, at that period a very
e fortune to be sure.
parkling eyes and winning man-
Mannie Danforth had stirred up
feelings of the whole male portion
village, and her suitors were nume-
but her father was peculiar, and
ceeded in making headway with
er.
meantime, Mannie had a true and
et lover. Who would have suppos-
moment that such a fellow dare to
beauty and comparative refinement
e was Walker, or, as he was gen-
lled Joe Walker; and was simply
employed by old Danforth, who
usted Joe with the management of
e two or three years.
very excellent farmer and a right
anager was this Joe Walker. He
ng too—only twenty three—and he
fell in love with this beautiful,
joyous Mannie Danforth, his em-
ployer's daughter. But the strangest part
occurrence was that Mannie return-
re earnestly, truly and frankly.
ised to wed him at a favorable

gs went on merrily for a time, but
nforth discovered certain glances
ations between them which excited
his envy and suspicions. Very soon afterwards Joe learned the old man's mind directly, in regard to his future disposal of Mannie's hand, he quickly saw his case was a hopeless one unles he resorted to stratagem, so he set his wits at once to work. By agreement, an apparently settled dislike and coldness was observed by the lovers toward each other for five or six months; and the father saw, as he believed, with satisfaction, that his previous fears had been premature Then, by the agreement also between them Joe absented himself from home at evening: and night after night, for full three months longer did Joe dissappear as soon as his work was finished, to return home only at late bedtime. This was unusual, and old Danforth determined to know the cause of it.

Joe frankly confessed that he was in love with a man's daughter, who resided less than three miles distant, but after a faithful attachment between them for several months, the old man had utterly refused his application for the young girl's hand.

This satisfied him that he had made a mistake in regard to his own child, and he would help Joe to get married, and thus stop all further trouble or suspicion at home.

'Do you like her?'

'Yes, sir—yes.'

'Then marry her.'

'But I can't—her father objects—'

'Pshaw! let him do so you need not care? Run away with her.'

'Hope?'

'Yes! Off with you at once. If the gal will join, all right. Marry her, bring her here; you shall have the cottage at the foot of the lane; I'll furnish it for you; your wages shall be increased, and the old man may like it or not.'

'But'——

'But no buts, Joe. Go as I bid you—go about it at once, and'——

'You will stand to me?'

'Yes to the last. I know, Joe, you're a good fellow and a good workman, and will make anybody a good son or good husband.'

'The old fellow will be so mad though.'

'Who cares? Go now quickly but quietly.'

'To-morrow night then,' said Joe.

'Yes.'

'I'll hire Clover's horse.'

'No?'

'I say no. Take my horse—the best one, young Morgan, he'll take you there in fine style in the new phaeton.'

'The old gentleman will be astonished.'

'Never mind go on. We'll turn the laugh on him. I'll take care of you and your wife at any rate.

'I'll do it,' said Joe.

'You shall said Danforth; and they parted in good spirits.

An hour after dark, on the following evening, Joe made his appearance, dressed in a nice black suit, and really looked very comely. The old man bustled out to the barn with him helping him to harness young Morgan to his new phaeton.

A few rods distant from the house, he found Mannie, as by previous arrangement and, repairing to the next village, the parson very quickly made them one in the holy wedlock. Joe took his bride, and soon dashed back to the town of P———, and halted at old Danforth's house who was really looking for him with open arms.

'Is it done,' cried the old gentleman.

'Yes——' answered Joe.

'Bring her in continued the old fellow in high glee; never mind compliments here;' and the honest farmer rushed away for lights returning almost immediately.

'Yes, yes——'

And this is my wife' he added as he passed up the lovely Mannie Danforth.

'What?' roared the old file; 'what did you say, Joe—you villian, you scamp you audacious cheat you—you—.

'It is true, sir, we are lawfully married; you advised me to this course, you assisted me; you planned the whole affair, you lent me a horse: you thought me last night worthy of any man's child: you encouraged me, you promised to stand by me; you offered me the cottage at the foot of the hill'—

'I did'nt. I deny it. You can't prove it, you're a—a—.'

'Calmly now sir,' said Joe. And the entreaties of the happy couple were at once united to quell the old man's ire, and to persuade him to acknowledge the union.

He gave in reluctantly; and the fair Mannie Danforth was overjoyed to be acknowledged as Mrs. Joe Walker.

The marriage proved a joyous one, and the original assertion of Danforth is truthful in every respect. The cunning lover was a good son and faithful husband, and lived many years to enjoy happiness which followed upon his runaway match, while the old man never cared to hear much about the details of an elopement, for he saw how completely he had overshot his mark.

THE QUAKER'S CORN CRIB.

A man had been in the habit of stealing corn from his neighbor, who was a Quaker Every night he would go softly to the crib, and fill his bag with the ears which the good Quaker's toil had placed there.—Every morning the old gentleman discovered a diminution of his corn pile. This was very annoying, and must be stopped—but how? Many would have said, "Take a gun, conceal yourself, wait till he comes and fire!" Others would have said, 'Catch the vilian, and have him sent to jail.'

But the Quaker was not prepared to enter into such measures. He wanted to punish the offender and at the same time bring about his reformation, if possible. So he fixed a sort of trap close to the hole through which the man thrust his arm in getting the corn.

The wicked neighbor proceeded on his unholy errand at the hour of midnight, with bag in hand. Unsuspecting he thrust his hand into the crib to seize an ear, when, lo! he found himself unable to withdraw it!—In vain he tugged, and pulled, and sweated and alternately cried and cursed. His hand was fast, and every effort to release it only made it the more secure. After a time the tumult in his breast measurably subsided. He gave over his useless struggles, and began to look around him. All was silence and repose. Good men were sleeping comfortably in their beds, while he was compelled to keep a dreary, disgraceful watch through the remainder of that long and tedious night, his hand in constant pain from the pressure of the cramp which held it. His tired limbs, compelled to sustain his weary body, would fain have sunk beneath him, and his heavy eyes would have closed in slumber, but no! there was no rest, no sleep for him. There he must stand and watch the progress of the night, and at once desire and dread the return of morning. Morning came at last, and the Quaker looked out of his window and found that he had 'caught the man.'

What was to be done? Some would say 'Go out and give him a good cowhiding just as he stands, and then release him, that'll cure him.' But not so said the Quaker. Such a course would have sent the man away embittered, and muttering curses of revenge. The good old man hurried on his clothes, and went to the relief and punishment of his prisoner.

"Good morning, friend," said he, as he came in speaking distance. 'How does thee do?'

The poor culprit made no answer, but burst into tears

'O fie!' said the Quaker, as he proceeded to release him. 'I'm sorrow that thee has got thy hand fast. Thee put it in the wrong place, or it would have not been so.'

The man looked crest fallen, and begging for forgiveness, hastily turned to make his retreat. 'Stay,' said the persecutor, for he was now becoming such to the offender, who could have received a blow with a much better grace than the kind words that were falling from the Quaker's lips. 'Stay, friend, thy bag is not filled. Thee needs corn, or thee would not have taken so much pains to get it. Come let us fill it;' and the poor fellow was obliged to stand and hold the bag while the old man filled it, interspersing the exercises with the pleasantest conversation imaginable, all of which were daggers in the heart of his chagrined and mortified victim. The bag was filled and the string tied, and the sufferer hoped soon to be out of the presence of his tormentor, but again his purpose was thwarted.

'Stay,' said the Quaker, as the man was about to hurry off having uttered once more his apologies and thanks. 'Stay, Ruth has breakfast ere this thee must not think of going without breakfast; come Ruth is calling."

This was almost undurable. This was 'heaping coals' with a vengeance. In vain the mortified neighbor begged to be excused. In vain he pleaded to be released from what would be to him a punishment ten times more severe than stripes and imprisonment. The Quaker was inexorable, and he was obliged to yield. Breakfast over, 'Now,' said the old farmer, as he helped the victim shoulder the bag, 'If thee needs any more corn, come in the day time, and thee shall have it.'

With what shame and remorse did the guilty man turn from the dwelling of the pious Quaker! Every body is ready to say that he never again troubled the Quaker's corn-crib. I have something still better than that to tell you. He at once repented and reformed, and my informant tells me that he afterwards heard him relate, in an experience meeting, the substance of the story I have related, and he attributed his conversion, under God's blessing to the course the Quaker had pursued to arrest him in his downward course.

LAST FOND LOOKS.—When a lady (we are talking of a lady in the full height and breadth of fashion) has got her bonnet and gloves on, and is perfectly ready, with her parasol in hand, she always goes back to the looking-glass to take a last fond look. Upon our asking a dear handsome duchess' if this was not the truth, and the beautiful truth, she had the charming candor to state; Yes, my dear Punch, it is the truth, but not all the truth. No woman, take my word for it, is satisfied with one look. At least I know that I am not, for (and here our duchess laughed, as though she was pleased with herself and all the world) I don't mind telling you, I invariably take four good ones. The first look in the glass is for myself, that's fair; the second is for my husband, that's nothing but just; the third is for my friends, that's only generous, and the last for my rivals, that's human nature. If the last look satisfies me, then I know it is all right, and I assure you I never take more!"—*London Punch.*

☞ A Western Editor states that a horse and wagon were drowned in the Ohio last week. They had a hard time of it especially the wagon.

The whole number of vessels wrecked by the late gale is stated to be forty-eight. Others will doubtless be reported.

AN AMERICAN PRIMA DONNA—DEBUT OF MISS JULIA MAY.

The fame of Miss Julia May—a child of our own soil—reached us some time since from Europe, where the fine qualities of her voice attracted attention, and won much admiration. Expectation was naturally raised to hear one who had done something to impress foreign criticism favorable with the American name, and accordingly a large audience received Miss May last night at Niblo's Saloon. The audience was a critical one: but withal disposed to be lenient on the shortcomings of a young *debutante*, and evidently determined to be pleased with the first essay of their fair countrywoman in her own land. Many of the artists of the Italian Opera were present, conspicuous among them 'the magnificent' Vestvali, who cordially applauded her sister *artiste*.

Miss May possesses a soprano voice of much richness; her notes are clear and bell-toned; her intonation pure and delicate, but her efforts last night did not afford a fair opportunity of judging of her full power. With more cultivation, and a little practice in the peculiar methods of the stage, we think she will make her mark in opera. Her voice has a fine compass, capable of doing far more than she attempted last night. She sang with remarkable ease, bringing out the highest notes without strain or apparent effort. Depending more on the natural purity and power of her voice than on any attempts at ornament or tricks of vocalization, her style is chaste and full of classic beauty. Perhaps a little more vigor in the *bravura* passages would have improved them; indeed, there seemed a slight want of animation in the rendering of a few of the more brilliant passages, which probably resulted from timidity rather than from want of skill or knowledge. On the whole Miss May's performance may be set down as a success. Her reception was as hearty and genial as she deserved, and bespoke of her a future as fruitful of renown as she could fairly expect. Her voice is not what can be called one of the first class; but it is full enough, of sufficient compass and abundantly under her command, to promise much from careful study and practice.

Miss May has all the personal attributes calculated to make an agreeable impression on the stage. Her figure is full and symmetrically formed, her eyes dark and exceedingly beautiful. These, added to regular features, rich abundant hair, and an expression of remarkable sweetness and goodness, combine to render this fair *artiste* an object of peculiar interest, and will doubtless do much towards establishing her popularity; for we know that personal beauty, as well as musical skill, contributes largely in these days to the success of the *artiste*.—*N. Y. Herald.*

MRS. PARTINGTON AT CHURCH.—'What do you think will become of you?' said Mrs. Partington to Ike, as they were going from church.

The question related to the young gentleman's conduct in the church, where he had tipped over the cricket, peeped over the gallery, attracting the attention of a boy in the pew below, by dropping a pencil tied with a string, upon his head, and had drawn a hideous picture of a dog upon the snow white cover of the best hym-book.

'Where do you expect to go?'

It was a question that the youngster had never before had put to him quite so closely, and he said he didn't know, but thought he'd like to go up in Mons. Godard's balloon.

'I'm afeared you'll go down, if you don't mend your ways, rather than go up. You have been acting very bad in meeting,' continued she, 'and I declare I could hardly keep from boxing your ears right in the midst of the lethargy. You did'nt pay no interest, and I lost the thread of the sermon just through your tricks.'

'I did'nt take your thread,' said Ike, who thought she alluded to the string by which the pencil was lowered upon the boy, 'that was a fishing line.'

'Oh, Isaac,' continued she earnestly, 'what do you want to act so like the probable son for? why don't you try and be like David and Deuteronomy that we read about, and act in a reprehensible manner?'

The appeal was touching, and Ike was silent, thinking of the sling that David killed Goliah with, and wondering if he could'nt make one.

RELICS ON NAPOLEON IN THE LOUVRE.—A Paris correspondent of the New Orleans Picayune thus writes:

'The most attractive, I may say deeply interesting, feature of the Louvre is the Salle de l'Emperor—a large room devoted exclusive to the articles used by the Emperor while living. Among those different suits entire of coat, vest and trowsers; saddles, swords, gloves, rifles, pistols and daggers; the coat he wore at the battle of Marengo; the stirups and bit of his bridle used in the battle of Waterloo; the hats wore in the campaign of 1814, and during his exile in St. Helena; his imperial crown and robes; the pocket handkerchief he used on his death bed at St. Helena; a lock of his hair, with that of his son; his writing desk and arm chair of gilt and green velvet; the bed he slept upon during several of the most memoriable campaigns; the small oak table (one foot by three) which he ate from in his campaigns; his mathematical instruments; his favorite books: his watch stopped at twenty-five minutes past five; his chess board; his cane; his candle-sticks, (fine gold,) with the candles as left nearly consumed; his gold snuff-box; breakfast service, all of pure gold, with black handles except the saucers, which are gilt china, his carver and fork; his toilet set, all gold; his perfume bottles, with some of the contents still in them; and many other reminecnces of the greatest interest. The two hats we saw had evidently seen hard service—the rims, which had been taken hold of by the hand being very greasy; the hat he wore when in exile at St. Helena is a round one, shaped exactly like those worn at the present day, except that it was soft, like felt; this one was exceedingly soiled.'

A BATTLE INCIDENT.

At the battle of the Thames, a laughable incident occurred, which is thus related by one who was in the engagement:

The British General had formed his men in open order, with their cannon pointing down the road, by which the Americans were advancing. Gen. Harrison immediately took advantage of this, and ordered Col. Johnson's mounted regiment to charge at speed by heads of companies (so as to expose the least possible front) pass through the open intervals, and form in the rear of the British forces. This movement was brilliantly executed by the battalion under the command of Lt. Col. James Johnson, his brother, Col. R. M. Johnson, at the same time charging the Indians with the other battalion.

It happened that in one of the companies under James Johnson's command, there was a huge, brawney fellow, named Lamb; he weighed about 240 lbs., was a brave man, and as good humored as big,—brave men proverbially are. Lamb had broken down his Kentucky horse by his great weight, and was mounted instead, upon a short, stout, wild, Canadian pony, from whose sides his long limbs depended almost to the ground, while his bully frame rose high above the beast—looking not unlike an overgrown boy astride of a rough sheep.

When the charge was made, Lamb's pony took fright, and broke into a run.—Lamb pulled until the bit broke in the animal's mouth, and all command of him was lost. The little pony stretched himself as to the work, lashed out of the ranks, soon outstripped all the file leaders and pushed on in advance of the company. Lamb was no longer master of his horse or himself, and he was in a quandary. If he rolled off he would be trampled to death by his friends; if the horse rushed upon the British lines with him, so far ahead of the rest, he must be killed. Either way death seemed inevitable; and, to use his expression, he thought 'he'd jist say something they could tell his friends in Kentucky, when they went home.'

He stuck both heels into the pony's flanks and urged him to his utmost speed. On they drove, some fifty yards in front of the leading file. Lamb's gigantic person swaying from side to side, and his legs swinging in a most portentous fashion—the little Canadian 'paling foot all he knew how, his tail strait, his nostrils distended, his ears pinned back, and his eyes flashing from under their shaggy foretop, with all the spite and spleen of a born devil. Just as he got within a stride or two of the British, Lamb flourished his rifle and roared out in a voice of thunder; 'Clear the way, G—l d—n you! for I'm coming!'

To his surprise the lines opened right and left, and he passed through unhurt.—So great was their astonishment at the strange apparition of such a rider, and such a horse moving towards them with furious velocity, that they opened mechanically at his word of command and let him pass. So soon as he gained the rear of their position, Lamb rolled on the grass, and suffered his pony to go on his own road. A few minutes more, and he was with his comrades securing the prisoners.

AN APPEARANCE NOT SET DOWN IN THE BILLS.

On the first night of Cooper's engagement at Cincinnati, the following whimsical incident occurred—Othello was the play:

The fame of the great tragedian had drawn a crowded audience, composed of every description of persons, and among the rest a country lass of sixteen, whom (not knowing her real name) we will call Peggy. Peggy had never before seen inside of a playhouse. She entered at the time Othello was making his defence before the Duke and senators; the audience were unusually attentive to the play, and Peggy was permitted to walk in the lobby, until she arrived at the door of the stage-box, when a gentleman handed her in, without drawing his eyes from the celebrated performer, and her beau a country boy, was obliged to remain in the lobby. Miss Peggy stared about her for a moment, as if doubting whether she was in her proper place, till casting her eyes on the stage, she observed several chairs unoccupied. It is probable this circumstance alone would not have induced her to take the step she did—but she observed the people on the stage appeared more at their ease than those among whom she was standing, and withal much more sociable—and as fate would have it, just at that moment, Othello looking nearly towards the place where she was situated, exclaimed, 'Here comes the lady.'

The senators half rose, in expectation of seeing the gentle Desdemona, when lo the maiden from the country stepped from the box plumb on the stage, and advanced towards the expectant Moor. It is impossible to give any idea of the confusion that followed; the audience clapped and cheered; the duke and senators forgot their dignity; the girl was ready to sink with consternation; even Cooper himself could not help joining in the general mirth. The uproar lasted for several minutes, until the gentleman who had handed her in the box, helped the blushing girl out of her unpleasant situation. It was agreed by all present that a lady never made her debut on any stage with more eclat than Miss Peggy.—*Burton's Encyclopedia of Wit and Humor.*

A NUT FOR WHISKEY DRINKERS.—The crops of Harrison county this year unless cut short, will be very great. We will have to haul to the depots on the rail-road which runs through the middle of the county, 300,000 bushels of wheat, 100,000 bushels of rye, and 30,000 bushels of barley. Thousands upon thousands of barrels of corn must be hauled to the Devil's Pass, there to make good old Bourbon, notwithstanding it is made in Harrison; and if you drink this good old Bourbon, made by the Harisonites, with their improvements of logwood, arsenic, cockroaches, and molasses, it will eat up your bowels in less time than Solomon built the temple.—*Cynthiana (Ky.) News.*

From the Newark Advertiser.

A PAPAL PROGRESS OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

The six days' ado with the Pope terminates this morning in surpassing stir.—Oddly enough, he goes with a heartier welcome than he come. The arsenals and belfreys fairly stun the air with their joy. Curious multitudes certainly crowded to the sumptuous municipal reception this day week, but they made no sign, not even the common civility of lifting the hat.—Windows along the 'sacred way hung out the usual festal draperies with gaudy look, and here and there a solitary might been seen kneeling in the stubborn crowd, but an ominous calm pervaded throughout.—Even the waiting thirty thousand in the piazzi Pitti stood their ground as the imposing cortege entered, and then received the apostolic Benediction from the purple balcony without uncovering, though the liveried guards fell to the knee, as in duty bound. So through all the courtly shows of the week, the people, balancing between a certain sentiment of respect for the head of their church and a deep disgust with his political complications, looked on in respectful silence. There has not been the slightest show of popular feeling. The prescribed illumination was brilliant, particularly that part of it mirrowed in the flowing Arno, but the Pontificial procession passed through the streets without a cheer.

Nevertheless, the personal bearing of the man, a rarely-featured, courteous gentleman, like St. Paul, none the less a courtier for being a saint—his remarkable assiduity in business, his patient endurance for every hour of every day, from sunrise to bedtime, has been strenously occupied with the appointed series of receptions and *fetes*, visitations and ceremonies, have wonderfully served to reconciliate personal regard. Men seem loath to believe that a portly gentleman, so apparently unused to the meaner arts of the priesthood, with a brow not born to shame, a throne where honor might be crowned, can be the mere catspaw of legitimacy, and charitably hope the most corrupting post in a disparaged profession has not wholly depraved the generous qualities of Pio Nono. Such was the effect of his appearance in the magnificent old City Hall, at the performance of a grand original Oratorio by six hundred trained voices and instruments, on Thursday morning. The august assemblage, twelve hundred of the nobles and gentry, rose as he entered at the head of his suite, invested in a simple white kerseymere cassock, and proceeded bowing with infinite dignity and grace through the long avenue to the purple throne. A connoisier in music, he complimented the performance with expressions of satisfaction to the persons about him.

But it should be remarked that this sort of homage is mostly confined to the polite and easier classes, who have also been profuse in richer offerings.

It was pleasantly remarked the other evening in a diplomatic circle, in reference to the presents constantly flowing in upon him, that he is the richest of the whole line of pontiffs. As chief Almoner of the church, he has received enormous sums during the present tour, the first of his Pontificate.—The Duke of Modena probably the richest sovereign in Europe, though one of the smallest, for example, gave him $100,000 after a mass in his cathedral. At Bologna he received various donations in sums from ten to sixty thousand dollars; and the Grand Duke of Tuscany placed $20,000 at his disposal after the consecration of the Archbishop on Sunday.

His son, the apparent, made a similar offering after the Pontofical mass the next day in his cathedral of the Annunciation. Among numerous private gifts received here is a gold crusifix, glittering with precious stones, valued at $73,000, from the Russian Prince Demidoff, the repudiated husband of the Princess Matilde of Paris, who has the most suptuous palace in Italy.

WHAT IS A CREOLE?

The following, from Harper's Magazine, is a good illustration of the intelligence of Northern people upon many of those points connected with the South, upon which they assume to speak:

'Colonel Williams, a gallant officer from New Orleans, tells the following capital story of himself; and a friend who heard it sends it to the Drawyer. The Colonel was on a vist to the North, and at a large dinner party in Lancaster, Pa. He was almost a stranger to the company, both ladies and gentlemen, but his agreeable manner secured him a home reception, and he was quite at ease among his new acquaintances. At dinner, says the Colonel, I was seated opposite to a young and very accomplished lady, who remarked, in the course of conversation. 'Surely, sir, you cannot have resided long at the South, your complexion is so very fair?' 'Yes,' I replied, 'I am a creole of Louisiana.'—Instantly every one around me was startled conversation flagged, and all eyes were turned upon poor me, utterly unconscious of having said or done anything to attract so much attention. I knew not what to make of it, till the lady remarked again, with a long breath, 'Well, I declare—I beg your pardon, sir, but I would certainly have taken you for a white man!' My face burnt like fire, and for a while I was silent in my confusion; but, recovering myself, I asked the young lady what she supposed the word *creole* meant? 'Why, black or yellow, sir, I don't know which, and it don't make much difference.' I then explained to her and the company, greatly to their relief, that *creole* means *native*, and has no reference to color or race; that creole horses and creole cows are as commonly spoken of as creole men, and that I was quite 'to the manner born.''

☞ A young lady named Smith, residing in Charles City county, Va., playfully snapped a gun at her lover, Samuel Throg, on Wednesday last, supposing it to be empty. Unfortunately it happened to be loaded, and when the trigger was pulled it exploded, depositing its contents in the side of young Throg's head, killing him instantly.

FIRE.—A fire in Charleston, on Sunday last, destroyed property valued at $50,000; insured as far as ascertained, at $26,800.

☞ There is no policy like politeness, and a good manner is the best thing in the world either to get a good name or supply the want of it.

☞ The corn crop of eastern Carolina, though somewhat injured by the heavy rains of July and August, will be an average yield.

☞ The greatest pleasure of life is love; the treasure is contentment; the possession is health; the greatest ease is sleep; and the greatest medicine a true friend.'

ADDRESS.—W. W. Holden, Esq., of the Raleigh Standard, is to deliver the Annual Address before the Duplin County Agricultural Society, at the Fair to be held at Kenansville on November 6th.

COUNTERFEITS.—The Richmond Dispatch has seen a well executed $80 note on the Bank of Cape Fear. The Bank has never issued notes of that denomination.

'Pray, Miss C.,' said a gentleman the other evening, 'why are the ladies so fond of offices?' 'How stupid,' replied Miss C.; 'is it not perfectly proper and natural that a young lady should like a good offer, sir?'

☞ A young wife remonstrated with her husband, a dissipated spendthrift, on his conduct. 'My love,' said he, 'I am the the Prodigal son I shall reform by-and by.' 'And I will be like the Prodigal son too,' she replied 'for I will arise and go to my father!' And accordingly off she went.

☞ Mr. Smithers, how can you sleep so? The sun has been up these two hours 'Well what if it has? (hiccup.) He goes to bed at dark, while I'm on a bender till after midnight. (Hiccup.)

He was brother to the man who, when his wife made a similar request for him to rise exclaimed—'Well what of it, the sun has an eternal night for her to go than I have!'

☞ Mr. W. H. Barbess, paying Teller of the railroad or South-Western Bank of Charleston, a defaulter, it is stated, for the sum of sixty thousand dollars, was arrested in this town on Friday afternoon last by officer Webb, and was committed to jail.

He left for Charleston to-day—*Wil. Herald, Sept. 28.*

☞ During a recent performance of Romeo and Juliet, at Marblehead, Massachusetts, the fair Juliett's question, in the soliloquy before taking the sleeping draught—'What if this mixture do not work at all?' was answered by an urchin in the pit with—'Then take a dose of pills.' The effect upon the audience can better be imagined than described.

☞ 'Julius, what's a coroner?'

'A coroner, Mr Slow, is a man what sits on de people, to see wedder dey killed demselves or committed suicide.'

'And what does he do when he finds it out?'

'Brings in de wardict, Julius.'

'Wat's a wardict?'

'Why, a long, black pole, painted white on de end—now hold your jaw, and don't bodder me any more.'

BE KIND TO YOUR SISTERS.—Boys be kind to your sisters. You may live to be old, and never find such tender, loving friends as these sisters. Think how many things they do for you! how they love you in spite of all your ill temper or rudeness; how thoughtful they are for your comfort, and be you thoughtful for theirs. Be ever ready to oblige them, to perform any little office for them that lies in your power.—Think what you can do for them, and if they express a wish, be ready to gratify it if possible. You do not know how much happiness you will find in so doing. I never yet knew a happy and respected man who was not in youth kind to his sisters.—There is a beautiful song which says—

Be kind to your sisters—of many may know
The depth of true sisterly love;
The wealth of the ocean lies fathoms below
The surface that sparkles above.

MELANCHOLLY SUICIDE.

The following is an extract from the remarks of the Editor of the Goldsboro' Tribune, on the death of his son who committed suicide a few days ago:

A more dutiful and affectionate son and brother never lived, a more chivalrous youth and devoted friend never died.

He was, however, but mortal and as such had his faults. For them we ask, what he would never have craved, the exercise of that transcendent virtue, charity, on the part of those who would scan his youthful acts with too much severity. The mind as well as the body, is subject to disease, and we have but too much melancholy proof of the diseased state into which our dear son's mind had fallen; as we have also abundant consolatory proof of the happy relations in which he stood to every member of his bereaved family. We have before us a letter written to a younger brother now absent from home, on the evening preceding his melancholy end, and it would indeed be taken as the index of a contented mind.—But alas! alas! there could have been no contentment there.

Did we say that we knew no cause, calculated to trouble his mind, and induce melancholy—did we say that we knew no incident which engrossed his whole soul and tortured his mind, we would do violence to the truth and to the memory of the dead. And, did we state that cause—did we give that incident a form or shape before a curious world, we might, peradventure, do injustice to the living. Let it then sleep in the grave with him—let his youthful and untimely end be forgotten by all but those who can, like this disconsolate father dwell on the memory of his virtues.

Democratic Pioneer.

J. B. GODWIN, Editor.
GODWIN & QUILLIN, Proprietors.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 6, 1857.

NOTICE.

The Pioneer establishment having been transferred to the hands of new proprietors, it is very important that all old accounts should be settled as speedily as possible. Those, therefore, who are indebted to the office for subscription, advertising or job work are earnestly requested to come forward and make settlement without delay.

WANTED,

At this office, a stout, healthy boy, to learn the printing business. He must be 16 or 17 years of age, and read and write well.

☞ Counterfeit $80 bills of the Bank of Cape Fear, are said to be in circulation.

☞ W. W. Holden, of the Standard, has been selected to deliver the Agricultural Address before the Agricultural Society of the county of Duplin, on the 6th of November.

☞ Brokers are offering to take Farmer's Bank (N. C.,) money at 50 per cent, but we imagine, found no sellers. We hope there is none so *green* as to be thus swindled.

☞ The Canal schooner Industry, with a cargo of staves was found, by the Steamer Curlew, Capt. Burbage, drifting about Albemarle Sound, filled with water and deserted by the crew. The Industry was taken by the Curlew and towed into Perquimans river.

☞ By an extra from the office of the Beaufort Journal, we learn that Beaufort was visited by a distructive fire, on the night of the 24th Sept the property consumed, amounting to $10,000. The principal sufferer, is Mr. E. M. Dudley, whose loss will reach $5,000.

From the proximity of the fire to the Journal office, it became necessary to move the printing material, in consequence of which, that paper missed an issue.

A KNOW NOTHING STRATAGEM

We have regarded with no little amusement the course of the Know Nothing press upon the Virginia Senatorial election. With a magnanimity—commenda. ble if *sincere*—the opposition papers have taken the [illegible] of the Virginia Democracy upon themselves, and if permitted will eject matters without fee or charge. Indeed so great is their concern for the interest and welfare of the Democracy, and with a kind solicitude that a parent and [illegible] to manifest for a child, they [illegible] where there is none, see storm where there is naught but a clear sky, and interpret the first sound as a note of impending calamity. The Democracy unable to discover any of these portentious signs, are even persuaded to believe in their existence, upon the evidence of their—doubtful—friends and are urged to prepare for the worst. They are told with that gravity befitting so important a subject, that there is "trouble" brewing in the Democratic camp; that the present senatorial incumbent is liable to be shorn of his honor; that Wise is intriguing to overthrow Hunter, and that without a sharp lookout—and their supervising care—there will be a storm that will shatter the fairest prospects of the Democracy.—This is said with such a semblance of kind concern, that one not knowing the treachery of these wily chaps, might really suppose their sympathy was of the genuine sort. Their true object is apparent In despair of ever obtaining a foot-hold upon the soil of the Old Dominion so long as the Democracy are united, they have set themselves to work to effect a division of the party, and taking the cue from that prince of trouble makers, the New York Herald, the senatorial election has been pitched upon as suited to their purpose. Poor souls, they deserve commiseration and pity. To hang a hope upon a peg so slender, argues the height of insanity, and we think it but just to write the whole tribe down *non compus mentus*. So completely had this idea taken hold of the minds of the infatuated beings, that we really believe that they almost began to credit their own statements, as monstrous as they know them to be. But an announcement in the Enquirer has fallen like a bomb shell in their midst, and if they are not too far in insanity must have dissipated the hopes of success which they had so fondly hugged to their bosoms. The declaration made by the Enquirer that Mr. Wise would not be a candidate for senatorial honors, has robbed these gentlemen of the last hope, and driven them again to their holes.

The idea that Henry A. Wise would jeopardize the interests of the Democratic party by any aspirations of his own, was preposterous in the extreme. We should as soon expect to see the sun rise in the West, as for *that man* do aught for his own aggrandizement at the expense of the welfare of his party, and the South speaks truly when it says that it is not "right to suspect the Governor of a purpose to supplant the Senator." Henry A. Wise is incapable of such a step, and Know Nothingism must batter away at a more vulnerable point.

THE FARMER'S BANK.

We announced in our last the suspension of the Farmer's Bank, located in this place. The causes which led to the suspension—premature some think—are partially but not fully known. From the time that this institution went into operation it seems to have excited the cupidity of the brokers who have made it a particular object of their care and consideration. One or two instances in its career, by which it was feared for the time that the Bank would sustain considerable loss, was made the plea for circulating the most extravagant and silly reports, resulting in a depreciation of their paper ruinous to the holder, but beneficial to the broker, who knew well how unfounded were the reports, but reaping from them a harvest of gold, kept up the impression of the insolvency of the Bank. Its paper poured in to the brokers, who lost no time in having it redeemed at the counter of the Bank. Those runs have continued to such an extent that the Bank dare not discount, as her notes found their way directly to the broker, and were returned for redemption. Our community has been most seriously inconvenienced by these repeated operations and the Bank kept drained of her specie. The suspension of the Northern Banks only quickened the activity of the brokers, and before the Bank opened on Monday morning, a gentleman with his budget was waiting at her door. It was well known that this was but the commencement, and a prudent policy dictated that it should be nipped in the bud. The directors met, and determined a suspension for the day, its continuance to be decided upon by a meeting at night—They very properly determined upon a farther suspension, both for their own preservation and for the interests of the community. We are authorized to say that no lossage will occur to the holders of Farmer's Bank notes. The Bank being perfectly solvent will redeem her notes at a proper time. She will resume so soon as the Northern money market will justify her in so doing.

THE PRESSURE.

The pressure in the money market continues unabated. The latest advices represent the 'times as very hard," and growing worse. We gave last week a list of the principal bank suspensions up to that time. There have been many more since, and the prospect is that many more will be added to the list.

From the Richmond papers we learn that the banks of that city have determined to redeem their notes to the last dollar.

The Norfolk city banks have resolved to hold on, the brokers having promised not to run upon them for thirty days.

The Alexandria, Wheeling, and Winchester (Va.) banks have suspended.

In New York, business has slightly improved, owing to the liberal policy adopted by the Secretary of the U. S. Treasury.

The Post says: "The Sub-Treasury continues to deplete. The payments today will exceed the receipts by $600,000. In addition to this, $100,000 of Government stocks will go to Washington for redemption. The two items will give a million more of coin to the banks.

The city Banks increased their loans during the last week, $3,000,000.

Whether the worst is over, or is yet to come cannot now be told. The whole country has more or less felt the panic, and the effect upon business of all kinds is seriously depressing. However remote from the centre of this great financial crash, its influence is to disturb and derange the market, and to unsettle trade of every kind.

The seat of this panic is New York, the cause may be traced to the gambling in stocks, corrupt speculations, and a mania for over trading for which that city is celebrated. Wall street is the impure fountain from which this stream of ruin has flowed, and if nine tenths of the rogues, gamblers, and mudlers that infest that sink of iniquity could be driven out, we might look for a better state of things. So long as these nefarious transactions are legalized and sanctioned may we expect a repetition of the panic of 1857.

TOO FAST.

The Raleigh Register says—"The Democratic Pioneer goes in strongly for our cotemporary of the Standard as the next Democratic candidate for the Executive chair." This is indeed news to us, and we would feel under obligations to the Register if it would enlighten us as to when and where we have ever expressed an opinion upon the subject. If it refers to the letter of our Raleigh correspondent, and means to hold us responsible for his opinion, because we did not put in a demur, we should think it rather unfair, for none know better than the Register that opinions advanced by correspondents are allowed frequently to pass without comment, never dreaming for a moment that any regard it as the sentiments of the editor.—We have never penned a line as to who would be our choice for the successor, believing that a movement of the kind at this day would be premature, and though we have no doubt that the Editor of the Standard would, and is in every way competent to fill creditably the Executive chair, we stand committed to him nor no other man. We may however under certain conditions come out boldly for him. Our cotemporary of the Register it seems is an aspirant for the post of private Secretary. Now we delight to honor true merit and to see every man advanced according to his true deserts and if we can lend a helping hand in this way, we are always ready. Syme is a clever fellow—so we are told, for we have not the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with him—his worst sin, a very great one we admit, being that of Know Nothingism. We have every confidence of his ability to perform the duties belonging to the position to which he aspires. We are in for him—provided he sincerely repents of his sins and promises to sin no more, and if Holden will only pledge himself to make the Register man his private Secretary—we shall hoist the following to our mast-head—We W. Holden for Governor and J. W. Syme for private Secretary, and battle for its success so long as our goose quill holds out. These are our conditions Mr. Syme, are you ready to begin the work of repentance? If so, give us your hand, and we will have Holden's pledge forthwith. Solomon! what a team!! Holden and Syme!!!

THE TESTIMONIAL FEAST.

We learn through some friend that the Democracy of this county have determined on giving Dr. Shaw a dinner at Weldon, at such time as may best suit his convenience to attend. A man who was once applied to to subscribe to a public dinner to be given in honor of the patriot, statesman and sage of Ashland Henry Clay, wagishly remarked "why are you going to give him a dinner? Does he need something to eat? Why feast him at two and let him starve at seven?—Let's give him supper too.'

Now since Dr. Shaw is to have a dinner, we do not suppose it is because he is a gourmand, whose unappeased appetite is to be satisfied with this ovation to his palate, but because it is a cheery way of meeting together and being pleased over his election. Not to rejoice over his opponent, that would be savage, but to rejoice with him which is reasonable. When the prodigal son returned "the fatted calf was killed." When Rome gained an empire and won victory, high festival was held. What are carnivals but physical sympathy in the way of feasting with the religious joy, real or supposed of the mind. It suggests itself as an innocent way of meeting and enjoying ourselves over an event which gives delight to all the participants. Let us then give Dr. Shaw a bumper. Let the fatted calf be killed, and the bullock and the porker and the shoat. Let us have a feast of savoury viands and the flow of wine. Let it be a testimonial feast worthy the donors and the honorable guest; let us mingle in social zest, know each other better and come away from it proud to know we have honored ourselves in thus reviving a good old fashioned custom of honoring so truly a recipient of our esteem and our bounty.—*Halifax Representative.*

THE FINANCIAL PANIC.

The announcement of the suspension of specie payment by the banks in Philadelphia was received on Saturday with surprise, as the papers in that city had up to day before studiously discussed their situation, and decided upon their entire ability to go through the crisis. It appears now, however, that there has been a run on them since Monday last, and that in that time the bank of Pennsylvania has paid out $900,000 in specie, and the other banks $1,500,000, putting the public in possession of $1,500,0000—more coin than was in its hands the week previous.

The Baltimore banks as a matter of precaution, followed the example, and, as the brokers there state, with good result. We learn that one of the principal banks there on Saturday discounted $100,000 worth of paper; whereas, if no suspension had occurred, the amount discounted that day would not have reached $25,000. In Washington a similar course was adopted by the Patriotic and Washington banks.

The troubles of the Bank of Pennsylvania are said to be caused by large loans to irresponsible parties. The President resigned on Wednesday. The bank is over fifty years old. It went down in the crash of 1837, but recovered, and has since been regarded as strong. Its capital is $1,885,000. At the close of its last report in November the total liabilities were nearly five millions; the circulation $838,000, and the loans $2,700,000; the specie $314,000.

The capital of the Girard Bank is one million two hundred and fifty thousand.—In November its circulation was $471,000; the deposites $1,268,000—total liabilities $3,600,000. It had bills discounted to the amount of $1,548,000, and specie to the amount of $223,000

The aggregate bank capital of Philadelphia is now little over thirteen million.—In November the whole liabilities were $41,619,479, with a specie line amounting to $3,263,437.

The New York Journal of Commerce of Saturday afternoon, through some unaccountable mistake, announced the suspension of the Banks of Richmond, Va. This is, of course, an error, and has doubtless been corrected in New York ere this.—*Dispatch.*

THE LATE LIEUT. W. L. HERNDON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The officers of Navy and Marine Corps, held a meeting this evening, in reference to the death of the late WILLIAM LEWIS HERNDON, Commander of the ill-fated steamship *Central America*. In a series of resolutions, they expressed their readiness to mantain in deed the sympathy they express in words, in behalf of the widow and daughter of the lamented deceased, and resolve to build a suitable monument in memory of Lieut. H. at the Naval Academy. A committee was appointed to carry the resolution into effect.

☞ We have received the Prospectus of "Stedman's Salem Magazine," to be published in the town of Salem, N. C., by Andrew J. Stedman, a member of the North Carolina bar. It will be illustrated with engravings and plates of the most elegant texture, equaling in beauty and style any executed at the North. The first number will be issued 1st January, 1858. Terms, $3 in advance.

A contemporary, speaking of O. E. Perrin and Governor Walker, wrote that Mr. P. "left the latter's camp at Lawrence," &c. The typo got it—left the latter scamp at Lawrence.

A beautiful young lady of Baltimore, who manifested considerable interest in the Atlantic Telegraph, was anxious to know if *fresh news* could be obtained by a telegraphic cable that passed so great a distance through *salt water*.

For the "Pioneer."

COMMON SCHOOLS.

MR. EDITOR—The late address of W. W. Holden, Esq., before the North Carolina Educational Association presents many facts in relation to our Common School system, worthy of the attention and consideration of the people. The subject is one of peculiar interest, and cannot be too frequently discussed in our public journals. It is indeed a gratifying evidence of improvement, to see the cause of education progressing so rapidly in the "old North State." From the address before me, I shall glean such facts and information, as will doubtless merit the attention of the intelligent readers of your paper

Before examining the subject-matter of the address, it is no more than just and proper, that I should bestow upon Mr. Holden, the praise which his effort deserves. For long years, but little had been known of our Common School system. It seemed to be in a confused state, without any prospect of ascertaining its merits or demerits. The research and statistical knowledge of Mr. Holden, have adduced a vast amount of accurate information respecting its present condition. With the pride of a true son of North Carolina, and with the ability of a gifted mind, he has shown that we are not behind our most energetic sisters in educational progress.—The practical facts embodied in the address, will form the ground-work of my observations.

After stating that the first act for the encouragement of literature in North Carolina, was passed by the Legislature in 1762, Mr. Holden proceeds to sketch with a master hand, the gradual building up of our educational institutions. He goes deep into his subject, and shows step by step, how we have advanced in the elements of public instruction. The provision of a fund for the support of our institutions is carefully dilated upon; and if space and time would allow, I might examine this point at length, but I forbear, and hasten to other branches of the subject.

Having a permanent literary fund of over two millions of dollars, and an active and untiring Superintendent of our Common Schools, it is not surprising that public sentiment should manifest such a growing interest in schools and the means of extending educational facilities. The darkness of ignorance is disappearing before the noon-day light of enlightened public opinion. So it must continue, if the high character of our State is to be preserved, and her name revered and honored by her sons. Year after year legislation is aiding our institutions of learning, while countries are evincing a commendable spirit, by taxing their citizens for the benefit of their rising generations. Onward is the march of mind, and we are no laggard in the race with our sister States, as Mr. Holden's statistical table will clearly exhibit!

While contemplating with emotions of heart felt satisfaction, the progress we have made in extending our Common School system, yet the picture presents one dark phase, which we would gladly vanish.—There are now in our State, "fifty or sixty thousand children who never go to school." Instead of drinking at the fountain of knowledge, they while away the sunshine of childhood, in the play-grounds of ignorance and folly. We should put forth our most determined efforts to rescue them from the slavery of mental darkness, and prepare them for useful citizens of the State. They need our attention, and we must not abandon them until we have exhausted every practicable method for their deliverance from the thraldom of ignorance.

Particularly it is necessary, that we rear our own teachers, to instruct the children of the State. North Carolina teachers and North Carolina books, will do more for the rising generation of her inhabitants, than aught else. They will imbue them with love for her honor, and kindle in their young and aspiring hearts, a flame of emulation which others will envy. Their results will be beneficial and happy, and such as will exalt the character of our people, and the reputation of our State.

To Mr. Holden every North Carolinian will feel indebted for his efforts in behalf of education. They will not go unrewarded. They will have their influence in promoting the social and mental welfare of the children of the Commonwealth. The transcendant importance of the subject, should ever be in our minds, and impel us to joint exertions and labors, in improving and extending the beneficent system of free instruction. This alone will be the criterion by which we shall be judged in the future, when impartial history has chronicled the glory of Republics and States. W. V. G.

Sept. 30th, 1857.

VOLUNTARY ENSLAVEMENT.

Elizabeth Bickley, a free girl of color, age about 22 years, voluntarily went into slavery at the present term of the Abingdon Circuit Court She was bought by Capt. Samuel Skinner, Sheriff of that county.

This is the first instance of the kind we have heard of, says the Abingdon Democrat, in this end of the State. The woman is very intelligent, and was fully aware that a kind master was better able to provide and care for her than she was herself. This is a nut for Yankee philosophy to crack.

ALL FAIR IN LOVE.—The Selma (Ala.) Era states that a "fascinating young widow," in Tulipoosa county, in that State, had been courted by two brothers, and had accepted both and appointed a day for marriage. Both suitors attempted to out-wit the other and the youngest brother getting her consent to a clandestine marriage, started for Dadeville to get a license.—While he was absent, the elder brother persuaded the widow to slope, and married her on the 18th inst. at Oglethrop House in Selma, leaving the younger to weep over "blasted hopes." Sharp practice for anybody but a widow.

ANOTHER JOHN DEAN AFFAIR.—A correspondent of the Richmond Dispatch writing from Petersburg, Va., on the 21st September, says:

Some gossip was created to day, by the rumored appearance on our streets of a lady from the wealthy circles of Norfolk in company with a smart Irish lad, with whom she had slipped off to Weldon, only a few days since, where their fates were duly united by the very accomodating hymeniel agent at that place. The circumstances connected with this romantic match are said to form a parallel with the late Johny Dean 'affair' in New York. It is reported that the fair one is sole heiress to $100,000, and her papa is a liquor merchant to boot. But not wishing to create an excitement, we will here drop the matter as quietly as possible.

(Correspondence of the Pioneer.)

RALEIGH, Sept 29, 1857.

Since my last letter of 3rd. our atmosphere has undergone a material change; and instead of hot, sultry days and nights, we have cool nights and mornings, rendering a little fire quite agreeable. The season however, is not as forward as it was last year at this time. On the night of the 20th Sept. last year, we had frost—if we have frost before the full moon, in October, this year I shall be somewhat disappointed. Our city at this time is very healthy; and, the usual anxiety for a *white frost*, is not manifest The latter spring, and early summer months proved fatal to life and health. Dysentry and Diarrhœa prevailed to an alarming extent—killing about 60 children and several adults—the number of deaths this year, so far, has been largely over a hundred. Our city, aside from such diseases as I have mentioned, is proverbial for its health.

A great financial panic is upon the country, as your readers are fully aware I predict, that no State in the Union is better prepared for a pressure, than N. Carolina. Our people are, generally, prudent and deal in *cash* transactions. But the notes of our banks finding their way into the vaults of Northern brokers will now come home, and the result will be, I fear, some uneasiness in the community. The State Bank is fully able to redeem its issues, and its President and Directors are prudent, and for the most part, timid men, and therefore, I had rather hold their notes, than perhaps any other bank in the State—simply because I have confidence in the men who manage its affairs. The same may, perhaps, be said of our other Banks. No one in our city has as yet, shown a disposition to totter, and I think *we*, all, will pass through the storm without losing a thread of our rigging—and I hope your good people will be quite as fortunate.

I am aware that in sections of the State remote from our capitol, a kind of a hatred or jealousy, is felt for Raleigh. I have been greatly surprised at this when it is a notorious fact, that, whenrever it is known that the people of the State will visit us at a particular time, our landlords, as well as our private houses, make extensive preparations. All the turkies chickens, ducks, butter, eggs, &c., &c., are bought for twenty miles around, and our tables are made to groan under their weight. We endeavor to make our guest "feel at home," by "showing them around town," and by introducing the single gents to our *unmatchable* fair sex. If, after this, they feel slighted it is all th ir own fault. Hoping this *explanation* will prove satisfactory, and we look for a large crowd from Eastern N. Carolina, to our State Fair.

A gentleman in Granville, while experimenting with the chinese sugar cane, yesterday had a valuable young negro caught in the crushing machine, and his arm so horribly mutilated, as to require amputation near the shoulder.

In my next letter, which will be in a short time, I will endeavor to enlighten the public upon the business affairs of this city—its mechanics, manufactures, &c. &c It is not well known in the State, that we are a fast *people*, and if I shall be the first to *discover* this fact to the world, the city of Raleigh will owe me a debt of *gratitude* which they can pay at any time by *resolution* in council—an! something easier done than they could pay a draft of *one hundred* dollars! HAMET.

OUR OCEAN STEAMERS--A WORD OF CAUTION.

No candid person who has read the full particulars of the loss of the *Central America* will be disposed to attach the blame of that terrible disaster to any of the officers or crew of the ill-fated steamer. They all did their duty like brave men and deserve universal commendation. But the circumstances of the case warrant the general belief that the steamer herself was not seaworthy. She had not encountered the full fury of the storm before her timbers parted and the water poured in in such quantities as speedily extinguished her fires. No power under heaven could have prevented her sinking. This was our conclusion at the time, which subsequent developments have corroborated. It is now understood that the *Central America* was the George Law, disguised under another name. "She was not an old vessel, having been built about four years ago, but she was not liked by those who sailed in her, and many who had made one voyage in her would not trust her again." A similar case is that of the steamer *Norfolk*, which foundered in Chesapeake Bay. She was originally known as the Penobscot.—"She ran between Boston and Bangor," says the Philadelphia *Press*, "and having been much used and worn, she came to the Delaware river and was put on the line between Philadelphia and New York. Several years service in that trade did not improve her, and *her name being changed*, she was running between this city and Richmond when she encountered the storm and went down." These facts are sufficient to induce very serious apprehensions concerning the worthiness of our ocean steamers and call for strict investigation into the causes of these frequent disasters. The merchants of Richmond, especially, would do well to inquire whether the *Jamestown* and *Roanoke* are really as stauch as they are advertised to be.—These ships are owned entirely by Northern Companies, and their formidable competition is beginning to break down the excellent line of sailing vessels, which has been established by a number of enterprising gentlemen in this city. True, the steamers offer superior inducements. Merchants here can have their orders filled and receive their goods from New York with greater rapidity and promptitude, and perhaps with less expense. But we question whether anything is made in the long run even by this class of our population. Certainly the State at large is not benefitted. The Insurance houses of New York reap a harvest in the way of profits upon the cargoes of these ships, which might be easily saved to the State. These suggestions, we hope, will be improved by the citizens of Richmond and all others interested in the subject.—*South.*

A RIVER ON FIRE.—The whiskey rectifying establishment of Henry W. Blunt Georgetown, Md., was destroyed by fire Saturday night. The bursting of 350 barrels of whiskey, and the running of the blazing fluid into the river, was a sight to behold. The surface of the river was covered with a blue flame, and the Potomac looked on fire. A Boston packet, lying close by, had to push out into the stream for fear of being surrounded by the devouring element.

From the Cleaveland (Ohio) Plain Dealer.

Pierce had 3,500 New England parsons after him "in the name of Almighty God," but Buchanan has only forty, the old Bashan number, with "His terrible Majesty" to back them, and which Bulls "Old Buck" puts to flight with a single dash of his pen. What a pusillanimous set of pimps these pious pretenders of New England called the priesthood have become! They have no idea but they are empowered of Heaven to regulate the things of this earth and dictate to men what they shall do. For political information they read the New York Tribune, and the statements of Horace Greely, the greatest political liar in America, are words of inspiration to them. They preach political sermons from the Tribune as a text-book, they found their prayers upon its vocabulary of lies, and "in the name of Almighty God" and of "His terrible Majesty" they threaten the powers that be with the vengeance of the Most High Wonuerful men! It was to protect the people from the tyranny, intolerance, and persecution of just such blind bigots as they that this government was established.

We had supposed this political priestcraft—this political praying and searching farce—had been played out, but it seems there are forty ministers left fools enough to think they can get a hearing in the High Court above. They say to the President, "Your excellncy may rest assured that we shall not refrain from the *prayer* that Almighty God will *make* your administration an example of justice and beneficience, and with *His terrible Majesty* protect our people and constitution."

That is just what Brigadier General Beecher and his thirty five hundred praying ministers undertook to do last year. They marshalled all their forces for a regular Pentacost fight, had called on God to help elect Fremont; but either God did not hear their petitions or else he refused to fight on the fusion side for we whipt Beecher, Greely, the New England clergy, and the "two Fremonters" all to fits.

It is no use for these latter-day republicans to call on God for help. He evidently is not with them, but is (as witness the result of the last presidential election) most decidedly against them. He was no doubt a friend of the *early* republicans, and guided them in achieving the revolutson and forming the constitution. He was with Washington at the final battle of Yorktown. He was present in the convention which framed the constitution, and was called upon to conciliate contending factions in the final adoption of that instrument. As the fruits of that revolution, and under that constitution our country has become the marvel of the world, and its folly to suppose that the Almighty desires now to see his handiwork demolished by a crazy set of dissolutionists.

Now we say, let these "forty political parsons" pray—these forty Bulls of Bashan roar. Nobody is frighten—nobody hurt. The Church have nothing else for these pampered menials now to do. They have pounded their pulpits to pieces preaching politics to the people. Christ and Him crucified has become obsolete, and they have got just so much to say in order to be ready for that "great (salary) day."

"He that is wisest can penetrate the future deepest.'

As much and as severely as Northern men may inveigh against slavery and the slave trade, and denounce the sins and iniquities of the South, they have quite as much—probably more—to do with such infamous business, as they call it, as the people of the South. The following extract from an exchange will exhibit the interest they felt in niggers and nigger trading not a great while ago; and the fact, also, that many of the wealthiest persons at the North owe their wealth to trade in African slaves:

'From 1804 to 1807 there were imported into the little town of Bristol, Rhode Island—a seaport that did not contain a population of 2,000—more than 1,000 slaves annually. The whole number imported within the period was 3,37?, all from the coast of Africa During the same time there were brought into Newport a town within twelve miles of Bristol, in the same State, now the famous and attractive watering place, 3,493 slaves. Providence in the same State, received 559. Hartford, Connecticut, 250, and Boston 100, in the same years. The slaves brought into Rhode Island, were but a small portion of the number of her citizens were taking from the coast of Africa directly to the West Indies, and into the ports of Southern States. Fifty-nine slave ships belonged at the time to the little State of Rhode Island. Some of the largest fortunes which have descended to her citizens were created by this trafic; and but a few years ago there were men in the State among the honored and wealthiest of the inhabitants who had been active participants in the trade, or owned the ships that carried the human cargoes. One of her Senators in Congress, as late as 1826 or 1828, commenced his life as a slaver cetween the coast of Africa and the West India Islands; and had ships engaged in it till the trade was suppressed by law—if not afterwards also.—He died but a few years ago, bequeathing a fortune of millions to his children, who are at this day classed in the highest ranks of society.'

A CALIFORNIA WIDOW.—Captain Saltwater says his first essay to effect a matrimonial character resulted in a manner so discouraging that he don't believe he'll ever be induced to try it over again. The captain being out of the service for some months, conceived a passion for a rather mysterious young lady boarding at the same hotel.—Says the captain, "I conveyed her round to shops, shows, theatres, churches, and every other place of amusement and information, and at last, when I thonght things had gone far enough; I squares my yards and says I—just as cool as a powder monkey—"Ma'am, I've been thinkin' I'd like to be spliced"——

"Spliced!" says she, as artless as a turtle dove.

"Spiced," said I, "and if you've a notion, why—I'm ready to share my luck and dunnage with you, ma'am!"

She looked sort of taken back at first, but she goes about and says:

"Captain, I've been thinkin' if my husband don't write, and send me some money and a gold watch from California, I'd just as leave marry somebody else as not, and if you wait a few days I'll give you the preference."

Her husband had been to the Pacific just four months, and here was a California widow!

"I stood off, after that," said the captain.

BY LAST NIG[illegible]

Special Dispatch for [illegible]

EFFECT OF THE [illegible] ORLEANS—HEAVY [illegible] COTTON AND EXCHANG[illegible]

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 2.—The market here begins to feel the crisis severely, and both loans counts are exceedingly hard to The banks are discounting only nd a large amount of first class thrown upon the street at the most ant rates.

The effect of the squeeze is obse perceptibly in the cotton market has fallen from 16c to 14c. for within two days. The decline has brought in purchasers with and over 7,000 bales in all have at about the latter (14c.)

In breadstuffs, and, indeed, articles of produce, a sudden and for depreciation has commenced.

The confidence of the communi banks, however remains unsha such a thing as suspension is moment entertained.

Exchange continues very which adds materially to the diffi trade. The best bills on Lon been sold at par. Sight bills York are quoted at ½ per cent and sixty day bills at 1½ per cent.

[Special Dispatch for the Pi

NEW YORK, Oct 3.—The Banking House of Clark, D New York, failed this morning one amongs the oldest and larg in the country. They have branches in nearly all the princi of the Union. The announcement failure created intense excitement street and throughout the city. T ey market here to-day is intensely and other failures are hourly expe

A DESCRIPTION OF JERU

The Jerusalem correspondent of ton Post graphically describes the desolate condition of the Holy says:

The women, clothed from head white sheets, with their faces co a black veil resembling so many just risen from the subterranean more especially as they have a g for cemetries, where they daily to howl. No sound of youthful boys in the streets—no sound there are no carriages—the b and wolfish, snarl and snap who tush them, that daily work as and make the livelong night

Fine specimens.—It is generally known, that all ladies dresses may be made fire-proof by nominal cost, by steeping of the cotton used in making them in a solution of chloride of zinc. The cambric so prepared may be held flame of a candle and char it, but the slightest flame. It may be that this neutral salt will seldom finest fabric.

The Mobile Register states that 600 have been raised in Georgia for to make a new descent on Nicara

☞ A report reached St. Jo on the 6th inst., that Gen. James the Kansas free State leader, had and killed in a fight.

☞ What kind of sweetmeats have in the Ark? Preserved Pi

NOTICE!

Information is wanted concern FRANCES M. GERKIN, a [illegible] ler of music, who left her home about two months since. She in Norfolk. Information in re will be thankfully received by Address A. M. B. Norfolk Va.

NOTICE.

WILL be sold on the 17th of Oct in Currituck County, on the near A. Barnes, part of the boats about one hundred and fifty tons eight barrels of Whiskey and Vine other small articles.

L. POIS Com. of 2d Dist

Oct. 6, 1857—3t3

NOTICE.

THE FARMER'S BA MONEY.

The Subscribers will receive Bank money at 100 cents in the payment for goods or accounts.

HINTON & DAS

Sept 29th 1857.

RIDDICKSVILLE SEMIN

NEAR SUNSBURY, N. C.

THE SIXTEENTH SESSION of tion will commence on the last Mon tember.

The services of an able and exp cher, for the ensuing year have been The school room has been enlarged improved.

Young gentlemen will be thoroug for College and for business.

Terms per Session of 12 m

For Board and Tuition in the Comm English branches,

Do do do do in Languages,

☞ For details please address M. KELLO

Sunsbury, Gates Co., N. C.

BOOTS

[illegible] Master [illegible] Demicrats, children's [illegible] Gaiters, of every descriptio Also, a large lot of Silk and Wool H FALO ROBES, TRUNKS, CARPET-BAGS and LAS. The public are invited to call and his stock. T. D.

Oct. 21, 1856.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING [illegible] land than he can well ma- [illegible] offers for sale his farm, [illegible] situated near Hickory Ground [illegible] Co., Va., and containing by [illegible] one hundred and seventy-two acres [illegible] one hundred and fifty acres of this [illegible] cultivation, and the balance is [illegible] growth of heart pine and other tim- [illegible] the finest quantity to last three such [illegible] number of years. The arable land [illegible] with a good heart pine and juniper [illegible]

The buildings consist of a two story wood [illegible] with two good size rooms and a passage [illegible] the same above, also a cook house, negro [illegible] houses, stables, a good well of water [illegible] never fail, which makes the dwelling [illegible] cool in summer.

The farm is within one and a quarter miles of [illegible] Methodist, Episcopal and Baptist [illegible] Methodist, and within the [illegible] a good school, and within the [illegible] a Methodist Protestant [illegible] the neighborhood around Hickory [illegible] surpassed by none in this part of the [illegible] for health, morality, and soci- [illegible]

For a further description of the farm apply to [illegible] Bergman and Brazi Wm. Wil- [illegible] Hickory Hill within one mile of it, [illegible] proprietor on Broad Creek near Nor- [illegible]

Also for sale or lease, a low land farm in the [illegible] situated near Indian Creek, [illegible] North West River, which pro- [illegible] four hundred barrels of corn [illegible] supply unless they can come well re- [illegible] as a tenant and farmer.

R. T. WILSON.

HARDWARE TRADE 1857.

NEW IMPORTATION.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

HEAD OF THE SQUARE,

SIGN OF THE SAWS,

NORFOLK, VA.

Are receiving their Foreign and Domestic [illegible] are suited to the wholesale trade, [illegible] offer at reduced prices, and upon as [illegible] terms as any other establish- [illegible] Wood Stakes, such as

Shovels, Spades, Guns, Boy's Double [illegible]

Trace Chains, Back Band, and Brass Chains.

Collins' and A. R. & C. su- [illegible] Axes,

Hoes, Ames and other makes [illegible] Sades.

Westenholm's Scutling, Vices, [illegible]

Large collection of HOUSE KEEPING [illegible]

Dealers and consumers are respectfully re- [illegible] and examine

At the Hardware store,

Head of the Square,

Sign of the Saws,

Norfolk, Va.

NOTICE.

HAVING RESIGNED THE OFFICE OF [illegible] Constable, I would say to those [illegible] claims in my hands, to come forward [illegible]

A. H. CURRAN.

1857—6t*

NOTICE.

TO DISCONTINUE FARMING, [illegible] sell privately, my FARM, in Pas- [illegible] county, formerly the manor plantation [illegible] Hollier, dec'd., and more re- [illegible] by Wm. H. Davis. The Farm [illegible] estimation, TWO HUNDRED and [illegible] acres more or less. It is on it a [illegible] LODGING HOUSE, and all nec- [illegible] for BOARDERS. Persons in want of [illegible] would do well to purchase this one.

WM. H. JACKSON.

Deep Creek, Sept. 22, 1857.

(Sentinel copy 4t.)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

CURRITUCK COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1857.

Elisabeth Ann Hetfield, alleged Executrix of John C. Hetfield deceased. *vs.* John C. Hetfield's heirs at law and next of kin. } In the matter of J. C. Hetfield's will.

IT BEING SHOWN TO THE COURT, That Abel S Hetfield, Oliver S. Halstead and wife Mary, Sam'l Hazard and wife Abigal, Jeholo I S. Barnet, and wife Amy, Morris Hetfield and Sarah Hetfield, and the heirs at law and next of kin of no. C. Hetfield deceased, they, and each of them, are hereby admonished, that they personally be and appear before the Court of Pleas and Quarter sessions of the County of Currituck, to be held at the Court House, in said County, then and there to see proceedings, and to intervene for them and each of their interests if they see proper. J. W. BAXTER, C. C. C.

Aug. 31, 1857. se 8—6w

A RETIRED PHYSICIAN

(Whose sands of life have nearly run out, discovered while in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. He had heard much of the wonderful restorative and healing qualities of preparations made from the East India Hemp, and the thought occurred to him that he might make a remedy for his child. He studied hard and succeeded in realizing his wishes. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. He has since administered the wonderful remedy to thousands of sufferers in all parts of the world, and he has never failed in making them completely healthy and happy. Wishing to do as much good as possible, he will send to such of his afflicted fellow-beings as request it, this receipt, with full and explicit directions for making it up, and successfully using it. He requires each applicant to inclose him one shilling—three cents to be returned as postage on the receipe, and the remainder to be applied to the payment of this advertisement.

Address Dr. H. JAMES

No. 10, Grand street, Jersey City, N. J

N. B.—Dr. H. James has neither office nor agent in New York, as some have pretended an Indian could. The receipe is sent from no place but No. 10, Grand street, Jersey City, N. Jersey.

VALUABLE FARM AND WOODLAND FOR SALE.

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The improvements consist of a new [illegible] dwelling House containing six rooms; a [illegible] new Kitchen with a Barn and other out houses complete, and all in good order—attached to the Dwelling House is a capacious Cistern, holding 500 gallons of water.

An opportunity of purchasing a Farm combining so many advantages in this section, is rarely offered.

The terms of Sale will be made accommodating as to time provided ample security be given.

Persons wishing to examine the land, will have every facility offered to them by the overseer, on the premises.

For further information, apply in person or by letter to the subscriber at Norfolk, Va.

WILLIS W. SILVESTER,

Executor of R. W Silvester dec'd

1y 22—tf

HERTFORD ACADEMY.

Male Department.

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Higher Eng. & Mathematics	15,00.
Latin, Greek, French & Mathematics	20,00.
Board, per month,	1,00.

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Hertford, Aug 13 4th 1857.

IRON, STEEL, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, &c.

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100 tons American, English and Swedes Iron from ¾ to 12 inches wide and from ¼ to 4 inches round and square.

10 tons Oval half Oval and half round.

5 do Hoops, Screws and Bands.

5 do American and Eng. Blister, German, Spring.

Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Stocks and Dies, hand and sledge Hammers, Borax, Cast Back and two Irons, Files, Rasps, Axes, Hatchets, Wedges, Grubbing, Hilling and Weeding Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, &c.

150 kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes.

50 do Wrought Spikes from 3 to 10 inches.

Trace Chains, Whiffle Trees, Ox Chains, Ox Yokes, Yoke Irons, Bows and Pins.

PLOWS.

For one, two, three and four horses, embracing the largest variety, and greatest assortment, North or South. 50 tons Plow Castings, embracing Mould Boards, Land Sides and Shares to suit, with a very large stock of the following goods, Harrows, Cultivators, Drills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters, Seed Sowers, Hay Presses, Wheat Thrashers, Horse Powers, Field Rollers, Coopers Lime and Guano Spreaders, Carts, Waggons, Drays, Wheel and Garden Barrows, Carriage and Waggon Boxes, Horse Shoes, &c., with every other implement that can be desired of the best conducted Farm.

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nov 25 S. MARC.

GRAND OPENING at the BEE Hive, on Monday, Sept. 21st 1857, the most splendid assortment of

CLOAKS AND WRAPPINGS

Of all kinds ever seen in Norfolk, entire new designs at the BEE HIVE,

sep 29 No. 32, Main Street.

MOSQUITO BITES.—An antidote for the poison of mosquitoes, bees, wasps, &c., has been found in *Barnett's Kalliston*, prepared by Joseph Barnett & Co., Boston. This preparation contains a peculiar property, which, upon being thoroughly rubbed into the bites and stings of insects, instantly neutralizes the poison and allays the inflammation. For sale by all dealers. 23—9ms

THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE SEABOARD AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

WILL BE HELD AT THE FAIR GROUNDS near the City of Norfolk on the 10th, 11th 12th and 13th November next.

Extensive preparations are being made to render this exhibition one of the most attractive and interesting ever held south of the Potomac.

The various Railroad and Steamboat lines leading to this City, will convey Stock and Articles for exhibition, free of charge, and ample accommodations will be provided for the comfortable entertainment of visitors to the Fair

By order of the Executive Committee.

G. F. ANDERSON, Se retary.

Sept. 15—8ts

JOSEPH E. CARTER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

MURFREESBORO', N. C.

WILL practice in the County Courts of Pertford, Bertie, Northampton and Gates Counties.

Particular attention paid to Collections and all business entrusted to my care shall meet with ready attention and scrupulous exactness.

☞ The best of references can be given.

Sept. 8, 1857—1y

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CURRITUCK COUNTY.

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BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.

DOCTOR JOHNSTON,

THE founder of this Celebrated Institution, offers the most certain, speedy, and only effectual remedy in the world for Gleets, Strictures, Seminal weakness, Pains in the Loins, Constitutional Debility, Impotency, Weakness of the Back and Limbs. Affections of the Kidneys, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those serious and melancholy Disorders arising from the destructive habits of Youth, which destroy both body and mind. These secret and solitary practices are more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the mariners Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellects, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with all confidence.

Marriage.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., should immediately consult Dr. Johnston, and be restored to perfect health.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston, may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician

Organic Weakness

immediately cured and full vigor restored.

This disease is the penalty most frequently paid by those who have become the victims of improper indulgencies Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue.—Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of Procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged; the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, cough, symptoms of consumption, &c.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick Street, Seven Doors from Baltimore St., East side, up the steps. ☞ Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place.

A Cure Warranted, or no Charge Made, in from One to Two Days.

NO MERCURY OR NAUSEOUS DRUGS USED.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended, sometimes, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to 'that bourne from whence no traveler returns.' To such therefore Dr. Johnston pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend a safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that dreadful poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or else make the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice!

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgencies and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either Business, Study, Society or Marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz:—Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects upon the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, Confusion of ideas, Depression of Spirits, Forebodings of Evil, Aversion of Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health. Losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All Impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Tremblings and Weakness, or exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured by Doctor Johnston.

Young Men,

Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons before contemplating

Marriage,

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospects hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own

OFFICE No. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK St. *Baltimore*, Md.

ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORM

N. B.—Let no false modesty prevent you, but apply immediately either personally or by letter

☞ Skin diseases speedily cured.

To Strangers.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last 16 years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J witnessed by the Reporters of the papers as many other persons, notices of which appear again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skilful and honorable physician.

Dr. JOHNSTON is the only regular Physician advertising to cure private complaints.—His remedies and treatment are entirely unknown to others. Prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe and the first in this country, viz: England, France, the Blockley of Philadelphia, &c., and a more extensive practice than any other Physician in the world His many wonderful cures and most important Surgical operations are a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. Those who wish to be speedily and effectually relieved, should shun the numerous trifling imposters, who only ruin their health, and apply to him.

Take Notice.

☞ There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as Physicians, ruining the health of the already afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say, especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his office.

☞ No letters received unless post-paid, and containing a stamp to use on the reply.

Jan. 6, 1857.

BUSINESS CARDS.

W. SIMMONS. | D. D. SIMMONS

D. D. SIMMONS & BRO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

NORFOLK, VA.

THOMAS H. GILLIAM,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

HERTFORD, PERQUIMANS CO., N. C.

WILL attend the Courts of Perquimans, Chowan and Pasquotank counties.

March 3, 1857—3ms.

CARD.

T. G. VAUGHAN RESPECTFULLY OFFERS his services as an auctioneer and solicits the patronage of the public. Any consignments to him will be punctually attended to, and due returns made after sale.

THOS. G. VAUGHAN.

Gatesville, N. C. June 2, 1857.

CHARLES E. LOWTHER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

GATESVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend all the Courts of Gates, Hertford, Chowan, Perquimans and Pasquotank counties.

Business in either of the above counties punctually attended to. jan 24

JOHN B. LYON,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,

PASQUOTANK COUNTY, N. C.

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO CITIZENS interested. Orders left with Messrs. Frank Vaughan & Bro, will meet with prompt attention.

May 26—3ms

J. H. WHITEHURST'S

ELECTRO DAGUERREOTYPES.

GALLERIES

207 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
77 Main Street, Richmond, Va.
Main Street, Norfolk, Va.
Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Sycamore Street, Lynchburg, Va.

☞ Likenesses taken boldly well in all weather. aug 6

GEORGE W. BELL,

DEALER IN

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS, SPORTING APPARATUS AND FINE CUTLERY,

Road Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

march 17—1y

J. B. GODWIN,

DENTAL SURGEON,

CONTINUES THE PRACTICE OF HIS PROFESSION at his rooms, over the store of C. C. Green, Esq.

E. City, April 23, 1857.

FARMING MACHINES.

I have in store, and am constantly manufacturing, at my works on Nicholson street, all sorts of Farming Tools, among which can be found Horse Powers, Threshers, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Garden Engines, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters Vegetable Cutters, Road scrapers, for removing hills, ditch banks, &c. Grain Cradles, Churns Cauldrons, Chain Pumps, Hog Trough, Sausage Cutters, and Stuffers; Grind Stones, Ox Yokes, Ox Chains, Tray Barrows, Garden Barrows, Stave Barrows, and wheel Barrows, and best of all, the largest, best assortment, and the very best one, two, three and four horse Plows, to be found in any establishment in the Union.—Harrows, Cultivators, Devils, Shufflers, and every other implement in that line, of every conceivable shape and pattern, all of which I offer on the most pleasing terms. Call and see for yourself, or send your orders to.

SETH MARCH.

Norfolk, July 29, 1856.

A CARD.

DR. WM. R. SPRUILL would most respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that, having in the course of erection, an office on the farm of Wm. H. Davis Esq., nearly opposite the residence of W. W. Griffin Esq., and only a few yards removed from his former location, that on and after the 27th., of the present month (July) he may always be found at that place, when not professionally engaged.

No difference in charge will be made to those sending for me at my present location.

Dr. Spruill returns his thanks for the patronage so liberally bestowed whilst at his old stand and hopes for its continuance after his *permanent* establishment at the new.

July 7th., 1857.—tf.-49.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Eliz. City and surrounding country, that he is prepared to do PLASTERING in all of its branches, both plain and fancy, centre pieces of all kinds, panel enrichments, &c.

SLATING *also done by the subscriber.*

☞ All jobs in the country will meet with prompt attention, by addressing

M. W. FATHERLEY.

Eliz. City, Aug. 4th., 1857.—6m.

HODGES'

TENONING MACHINE.

MECHANICS of Norfolk and surrounding country, are invited to call at the Hardware Importing Establishment of the subscribers, and examine HODGES' TENONING MACHINE. It is represented by the inventor (a Virginian of Suffolk, in whom the community has implicit confidence) to make Tenons, as fast as ten men can mortice.

Call and witness the operation.

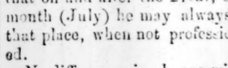
☞ Agents for the sale of the Machine,

Head of the Square,

Norfolk, Va.

REMOVAL.

T. PARR HAVING REMOVED FROM his "old stand" to the front shop of the Coach establishment of Arthur L. Jones, respectfully informs his friends and he public generally, that he is prepared to manufacture



any and every article of

FURNITURE.

He will also keep on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,

of all sizes. He will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order.

Having a good **HEARSE**, he is prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. T. PARR.

Sept. 1, 1857—1y

E. P. TABB & CO.,

NORFOLK, VA.,

HAVE removed their stock of *HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, GRATES, BLACKSMITH & CARPENTERS TOOLS, CASTINGS*, &c., &c., to the store formerly occupied by Messrs. Paul, Pegram & Co., and recently by Messrs. Herman & Co., East corner of Market square and Main street, where they will be pleased to see their old friends and customers. Their stock will present to country merchants inducements which will not fail to be appreciated. sep 23—15t

NOTICE.

The undersigned would inform the citizens of Eliz. City and surrounding country, that he is prepared to do PLASTERING in all of its branches, both plain and ornamental—consisting of cornices, plain and fancy, centre-pieces of all kinds, panel enrichments, &c. Also, brick work done with care

☞ All jobs in the country will meet with prompt attention, by addressing

F. V. HOSKINS.

Eliz. City, Feb. 19, 1856

AUGUST 4, 1857.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! AT THE BEE HIVE!

ARRIVED this morning, a splendid assortment of White Goods, Cambric Muslins from 12½ to 20cts., Striped Cambrics from 12½ to 62½cts, Plaid Cambrics from 12½ to 37½cts, Nansook and Swiss Muslins in all prices, and very cheap figured Swisses, very rich patterns at half the usual prices—also Embroideries of all kind and qualities at less than cost of importation, going off very cheap.

Umbrellas of our own manufacture, a large supply received suited for rain or sun, Umbrellas, selling cheap—all kinds of Goods sold without regard to cost to close them.

Call soon and be sure to look for the sign of the BEE HIVE.

J. SMITH, 33 Main st.

aug. 4th 1857.

HOUSE CARPENTERS.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

HAVE just received a sample lot of very superior full size Planes, from a new maker—celebrated for their superiority of finish as well as size and weight. Consisting of the following:

Bench Planes, Box Wood do., Match do.,
Hollows and Rounds do., Double Box Wood Smooth do.

With many other patterns of Planes, and a large variety of **General House Carpenters Hardware**.

Call and see us. dec 18

Sign of the Circular Saw.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS

HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE.

ARE OPENING their importation, *Birmingham manufacture*, a beautiful assortment of House Keeping Articles, such as

Coffee and Tea Pots, Octagon style,
Patent Coffee Pots with Steamers, Chafing Dishes,
Waiters in sets and dozens, Sauce Pans,
Porcelain lined Planished Covers,
Old English style Grid Irons, fluted bars,
All Brass Fenders, Polished Steel Shovel and Tongs, in sets or pairs,
Tin lined Copper Tea Kettles.

HEAVY GOODS.

Trace, Log and Back Band Chains,
Elwell's Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes
Spades, Shovels and Forks, Cut, Wrought and Horse Shoe Nails,
Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Mill, Circular Saws
Cross Cut Saws,
Stocks and Dies, Hammers, Screw Plates.

STRAW CUTTERS.

SINCLAIR'S SCREW PROPELLER Straw Cutters. Price $30. Cut Straw, Shucks, Fodder, Oats and all kinds of feed for stock, in the best manner.

Also our new Straw Cutters, with 1 knife very simple, and cuts all kind of food.

Harvey's Raw hide Cutter, Smith's Virginia do.
Boston cheap " " Daniel's Patent do
all for sale at Factory prices.

Wheat and Corn Fans, all sizes and kinds, and prices to suit.

BORUM & MCLEAN,

Farmer's Head Quarters.

aug 1 No. 11 Main st., Norfolk, Va

HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUNS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FALL 1855

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS

TAKE PLEASURE in calling the attention of their Virginia and North Carolina friends (especially the Mercantile class,) to their extensive assortment of **GENERAL HARDWARE**, a large portion of which was imported with a special view to the Fall and Winter wholesale trade, and the Merchant, Mechanic and Farmer, will bear in mind, that under the circumstances of our not being able to make our usual fall sales our assortment of Hardware, can be purchased on wholesale terms, at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine for yourselves. dec 4

BORUM & MCLEAN,

DEALERS IN

BAR AND BUNDLE IRON OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FOR FARMING AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

HORSE SHOES, NAIL RODS, AND WROUGHT NAILS and SPIKES, &c.

MANUFACTURERS OF AGRICULTURAL AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY,

Horse Powers, Threshing Machines, Barnborough's and other celebrated Wheat and Corn Fans, always on hand.

FRESH GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS.

☞ Our Catalogue and Almanac is published the first of each year, and may be had *gratis*, at our new Agricultural and Iron and Seed Depot, No. 11 Widewater Street, Norfolk, Va.

A. A. GWALTNEY & CO.,

Wholesale Furniture and Piano Forte Dealers,

NORFOLK, VA.

Will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Furniture and Piano Fortes, French, German and American; Plate Mirrors, Portrait Frames, &c.

aug 12—1y

TO THE PUBLIC.

MR. B. T. MILLER has purchased the right to manufacture Wilkenson's Colic and Diarrhœa mixture for North Carolina, and will hereafter manufacture the same in E. City. It will be genuine and can be depended on for all affections of the stomach and bowels.

W. W. GREGORY, M. D.

DR. WM. G. HANCOCK,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY

EDENTON, N. C.

DEALER IN

Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty,
Perfumery,
Fancy Articles,
Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,
Segars and superior Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.

The orders of Physicians and Planters promptly filled with pure Medicines and on as moderate terms as can be had south of Mason's and Dixon's line.

☞ Dr. Hancock's office is at the Drug Store, where he can always be found except when professionally engaged.

June 9, 1857—3ms

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale his House and Lot at Nag's Head. For particulars and terms apply to him at Edenton.

A. DIXON.

May 12, 1857—tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of W. T. & J. M. HINTON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled at their old stand, by W. T. HINTON.

WM. T. HINTON,
JOHN M. HINTON.

March 2d, 1857.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of HINTON & DASHIELL, and will continue the DRY GOODS Business at the old stand.

WM. T. HINTON,
LUTHER C. DASHIELL.

E. City, March 2, 1857.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the style and firm of DELK & LINDSEY, for the purpose of conducting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS. We most respectfully solicit your patronage; pledging ourselves to prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to our care.

The experience of Mr. Delk, in the business for the past thirteen years, gives our firm all the advantages of a thorough knowledge of the Commission business.

We are prepared to grant the usual facilities to our friends.

EDWIN H. DELK,
Late of Hardy & Delk.
EDMUND C. LINDSEY,
Late of Currituck Co. N. C.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 19th, 1856. 1y

NEW BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,

The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of

School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous

BOOKS.

Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American

STATIONERY.

Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY

—NEW,—

And has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any, or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston, do.
James B. Smith & Co., do.
T. B. Peterson, do.
Harper & Brothers, New York.
D. Appleton & Co., do.
Robert Carter & Bros., do.
Charles Scribner, do.
Derby & Jackson, do.
Little, Brown & Co., Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co., do.
Ticknor & Fields, do.

POET'S CORNER.

Clipped from an Exchange, and respectfully dedicated to a young Lady in Elizabeth City.

BY CREOLE.

I love theo, dearly love thee,
As flowerets love the dew,
As the moon-beam loves the billow,
Swelling beautiful and blue;
As the rainbow loves the cloudlet
That lies slumbering in the air—
O, yes, I love thy sunny brow,
Forever bright and fair.

In sunshine and darkness—
In sorrow and in care—
In festive hall or silent grove—
I love thee everywhere.
'Mid throngs of fragrant flowers,
In sadness and in glee,
Thy pure unsullied countenance
Is ever bright to me.

I love thee, wildly love thee,
And I would this sentence brief
Were written with the crystal dew
Upon each tender leaf,
I would that it were murmured
By the laughing meadow streams—
That it might dwell in all thy thoughts,
And in all thy glowing dreams.

I would that every happy bird,
On every bush and tree,
Would sing it to thee softly,
Yet with warble wild and free.
I would that every sephyr
That comes from o'er the lea,
Would bear upon its bosom
Those burning words to thee.

FARMING MACHINES.

I have in store, and am constantly manufacturing, at my works on Nicholson street, all sorts of Farming Tools, among which can be found Horse Powers, Threshers, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Garden Engines, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters Vegetable Cutters, Road Scrapers, for removing hills, ditch banks, &c. Grain Cradles, Churnse Cauldrons, Chain Pumps, Hog Trough, Sausage Cutters, and Stuffers; Grind Stones, Ox Yokes, Ox Chains, Tray Barrows, Garden Barrows, Stave Barrows, and wheel Barrows, and best of all, the largest, best assortment, and the very best one, two, three and four horse Plows, to be found in any establishment in the Union.—Harrows, Cultivators, Devils, Shullers, and every other implement in that line, of every conceivable shape and pattern, all of which I offer on the most pleasing terms. Call and see for yourself, or send your orders to.

KEITH MARCH.

Norfolk, July 29, 1856.

A CARD.

DR. WM. R. SPRUILL would most respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally, that, having in the course of erection, an office on the farm of Wm. H. Davis Esq., nearly opposite the residence of W. W. Griffin Esq., and only a few yards removed from his former location, that on and after the 27th., of the present month (July) he may always be found at that place, when not professionally engaged.

No difference in charge will be made to those sending for me at my present location.

Dr. Spruill returns his thanks for the patronage so liberally bestowed whilst at his old stand and hopes for its continuance at his *permanent* establishment at the new.

July 7th., 1857.—tf—49.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Eliz. City and surrounding country, that he is prepared to do PLASTERING in all of its branches, both plain and fancy, centre pieces of all kinds, panel enrichments, &c.

Slating also done by the subscriber.

☞ All jobs in the country will meet with prompt attention, by addressing

M. W. FATHERLEY.

Eliz. City, Aug. 4th., 1857.—6m.

HODGES'
TENONING MACHINE.

MECHANICS of Norfolk and surrounding country, are invited to call at the Hardware Importing Establishment of the subscribers, and examine HODGES' TENONING MACHINE. It is pronounced by the inventor (a Virginian of Suffolk, in whom the community has implicit confidence) to make Tenons, as fast as ten men can mortice.

Call and witness the operation.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,
Agents for the sale of the Machine,
Head of the Square.
Norfolk, Va.

J. B. DYER,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.,

To his patrons in his immediate vicinity, those of Pasquotank and the adjacent counties, the undersigned would most respectfully tender his thanks for the liberality with which they have patronized his establishment, from its commencement to the present time.

In making his selections for the present Spring and Ensuing Summer, emotions of gratitude and a desire to retain the favor and patronage of a discerning community, have had the happy effect of improving his judgment, and inducing an exercise of taste and fancy unsurpassed even by himself. As a part of his stock, to which he respectfully invites the early attention of the public generally, he enumerates the following, to wit:

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES—Blue, black, brown, green and fancy colored. VESTINGS—Cloth, cassimere, silk, satin, Marseilles, &c., both plain and figured, of every variety of color and shade. SHIRTS—Vergonia, silk, linen and linen-bosomed, of beautiful texture, style, quality and make. DRAWERS—Vergonia and fine twilled Jeans, cut and made in the most modern and approved styles HALF-HOSE or SOCKS—Silk, thread, cotton, to please the most fastidious or accommodate the mosteconomical. SUSPENDERS—Of every variety; a few indescribably elegant. STOCKS and CRAVATS—A most beautiful assortment of every shape, style and fancy. COLLARS—Of the old sort, new sort and *a la Byron*. GLOVES—Cotton, silk, kid black, white and colored. POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS—Silk and linen cambric of ordinary to extra quality, &c., &c.; together with a choice selection of trimmings to match those Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, which he is prepared to have made up to order in the latest Northern and Parisian fashions, to suit his customers and sustain his reputation for good "fits" and fine work

☞ A pretty good stock of French Fancy Cassimeres. Call early, and have your *measure* taken. Store immediately opposite the Boot and Shoe Store of Messrs. Knox & Jackson, Signs.

JAMES B. DYER.

April 17, 1855.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE this day (Jan. 8) associated with me in the Upholstering and Paper Hanging business, THEODORE A. WALTERS and WILLIAM ROSS, Jr. The business will be conducted by the Junior partners, under the name of W. A. WALTERS & CO.

A continuation of the patronage of my former customers, is most respectfully solicited for the new firm.

WM. A. WALTERS.

Norfolk, Feb. 10, 1857.

SHERWOOD & YOUNG,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 14 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA

TIN WARE
AND
SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE attention of the citizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, to the fact, that I have located myself in this place, for the purpose of carrying on the

TIN AND SHEET IRON

business in its various branches and forms.—Being a practical workman, I flatter myself that any work I may be favored with will prove perfectly satisfactory.

I shall keep constantly on hand Coffee Pots Buckets, Pans, Cups, Ice Cream Freezers and in fact every thing generally kept in an establishment of the kind

Bathing apparatus of every description made to order.

Roofing, Guttering and Spouting done in the best and most substantial manner, on reasonable terms.

Old Copper, Brass, Pewter and Lead bought or taken in exchange for new work.

Store on Road street, next to the Boot and Shoe Store of Messrs. Knox & Jackson.

ap 10—tf THOS. J. MISKELL.

FARMER'S HEAD QUARTERS,
NO. 11, WATER STREET,
NORFOLK, VA.
AGRICULTURAL IMPEMENTS,

BAR and Bandle Iron, Cart and Wagon Boxes, Springs and Axles, Anvils, Bellows Vices, Dies and Stocks, Screw Plates, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Chain Pumps, &c.

3000 cast iron Plows of all sizes and patterns, embracing some of the best in the country.

2000 Cultivators, with steel, wrought and cast iron Hoes.

150 Harrows, of Gedder Premium, 14 to 36 teeth, square, hinges, expanding, stationary, oval teeth, &c.

150 Corn Shellers, (box,) with 1 and 2 fly wheels, large hoppers, and well made, the best in market. Also, the Virginia Sheller, acknowledged by practical men the best in use for wear and tear; other good kinds also on hand.

100 Straw Cutters, Hovey's, Sinclair's, Taylor's, Smith's Premium, &c.

100 Corn Planters, two varieties, warranted to work well.

50 Small Seed Sowers.

50 Ox Yokes, premium at Raleigh.

50 Hand Hominy Mills, premium at Raleigh

25 Horse Rakes " " "

50 Subsoil Plows, " " "

Diplomas of the above may be seen at the Depot.

HORSE POWERS, THRESHERS,
GRIST MILLS,

and every variety of Machines for Farmers may be seen there, as well as a thousand small things useful and necessary in farming, all of which will be sold at low prices.

BORUM & MCLEAN,
No. 11 Water Street.
dec 20 Norfolk, Va.

'YOUNG AMERICA' CORN AND COB MILL,
MANUFACTURED BY
S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

THE above Mill, which so far surpassed all others last season, has been improved, and made stronger and better than ever, and is now in the field carrying everything before it. It is the mill for strength, durability and swiftness.

I annex a list of premiums it has received this season, over the 'Little Giant,' 'Magic Mill,' Star Mill, Maynard's Mill, and all others that have come into competition with it:

First premium at the N. York State Fair.
First premium at the Ohio State Fair.
First premium at the Michigan State Fair.
First premium at the N. Carolina State Fair.
First premium at the Nashville (Tenn.) Fair.
First premium at one County Fair in N. York.
First premium at ten County Fairs in Ohio.

Trial of corn and cob mills at the North Carolina State Fair, October 1856.

The following table will show the time occupied by each of the Mills on exhibition in grinding half bushel of corn and cobs:

Young America, 2 minutes and 40 seconds.
Little Giant, 4 " 55 "
Magic Mill, 6 " "
Sinclair & Co's Mill, two trials, average time, 6 minutes and 58 seconds.

Advantages of the Young America or Excelsior Mill over all others: 1st, great strength and durability; 2d, simplicity, (having but one set screw to graduate the quality of grinding, which renders it so simple that it may be managed by any ordinary farm hand;) 3d, it will grind more corn, or corn and cob, in the same time, and of same quality, than any other mill in use of the same size; 4th, economy—that part of the mill which is most liable to wear, being separate from the main body of the machine, can be renewed when worn out, at the small cost of $3. Thus in the Young America or Excelsior mill, I present the best, cheapest and most durable mill ever offered to the Farmer. This mill is of large size and greater capacity than any other mill ever sold at the same price

Price, including extra plates, $50.

I am also manufacturing Cart and Wagon Wheels, Farm Wagons, Carts, Trucks, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, and Agricultural Implements generally, and am better prepared to furnish farmers and merchants than any other house in the city.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that it is to your interest to patronize Southern enterprize. I am unwilling to believe that all the men in Virginia and North Carolina prefer to build up the North and impoverish the South.

I have also a Foundry connected with my factory, and solicit orders for Castings generally.

S. MARCH,
dec 9 Norfolk, Va.

REMOVAL.

T. PARR HAVING REMOVED FROM his "old stand" to the front shop of the Coach establishment of Arthur L. Jones, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to manufacture any and every article of

FURNITURE.

He will also keep on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,

of all sizes. He will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order.

Having a good **HEARSE**, he is prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

T. PARR.

Sept. 1, 1857—1y

LOOK OUT FOR THE SOUTH.
TO THE VISITING COMMUNITY

of Nag's Head and the surrounding country, wishing to buy Goods for cash, and buy them right, will find it to their interest to go to the Store south of the long Wharf, where they will find as good assortment as there is on Nag's Head. As I have been there some three years, I think I ought to know what suits the market; and if you come to Nag's *Head*, dont forget to call to see me.

W. *H.* VARSER.

Nag's *Head*, July 14, 1857—6t

JUST RECEIVED a splendid lot of fresh and genuine Medicines, Fancy and Toilet Articles Perfumery &c., at

DR. SPEED'S Drug Store.

No charge for examining articles. Call and

may 19

LAW BOOKS! LAW BOOKS!!

THE attention of Lawyers is called to the following list of VALUABLE LAW BOOKS, which are offered for sale exactly at the publisher's prices.

Reports of Decisions in the Supreme Court of the United States, with notes, and a digest, by Judge B. R. Curtis, 22 vols., $66.
Commentaries on Equity Jurisprudence, as administered in England and America, by Joseph Story, 2 vols., $11,
Story on Bills of Exchange, $5 50c,
Story on Agency, $5,
Parsons on Contracts, 2 vols., $11,
Phillips on Insurance, 2 vols, $10,
Story on Sales, $4 50c,
Daniels Chancery Pleading and Practice, 3 vols. $12,
Parsons Mercantile Law, $5 50c,
Story on Bailments, $5,
Wheaton's International Law, $6,
Story on Conflict of Laws, $6 50c,
Walker's American Law, $5 50c,
Story's Equity Pleadings, $6,
Drake on Attachment, $4 50c,
Story on the Constitution, 2 vols., $7 50c.
Precedents of Indictments and Special Pleas, by Chas. R. Train and F. F. Heard, $4,
Story on Partnership, $5 50c,
Digest of the General Laws of the United States, with reference to the Acts repealed, supplied, or modified, &c., &c., by James Dunlop, $6 50
Story on Promissory Notes, $5 50c,
Bishop on Marriage and Divorce, $5,
Thornton on Conveyancing, 2nd edition, $4 50
Taylor's Landlord and Tenant, $4 50,
Story on Bailments, $5,
Bishop on Criminal Law, $5,
Angell on the Law of Carriers, $5 50c.
Greenleaf on Evidence, 3 vols., $16 50c.
Angell and Ames on Corporations, $5 50c,
Hening and Monford's Reports, 4 vols., $20,
Tucker's Commentaries on the Laws of Virginia, $8,
Tates Analytical and Digested Index, 2 vols, $8
Hall's Digested Index to the Virginia Reports, $3,
Decisions of Cases in Virginia, by the High Court of Chancery, by Geo. Wythe, new edition, $4 50,
Sand's Suit in Equity, $4,
Mathews' Guide, $2 75c.
Tates' Form Book, new edition, by Sands, $1 25

The above with many other valuable works are for sale by

W. P. GRIFFITH,
feb 7 Norfolk, Va.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the style and firm of DELK & LINDSEY, for the purpose of conducting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS. We most respectfully solicit your patronage; pledging ourselves to prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to our care.

The experience of Mr. Delk, in the business for the past thirteen years, gives our firm all the advantages of a thorough knowledge of the Commission business.

We are prepared to grant the usual facilities to our friends.

EDWIN R. DELK,
Late of Hardy & Delk.
EDMUND C. LINDSEY,
Late of Currituck Co. N. C.
Norfolk, Va., Aug. 19th, 1856. 1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of W. T. & J. M. HINTON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled at their old stand, by W. T. HINTON,

WM. T. HINTON,
JOHN M. HINTON.

March 2d, 1857.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of HINTON & DASHIELL, and will continue the DRY GOODS Business at the old stand.

WM. T. HINTON,
LUTHER C. DASHIELL.

E. City, March 2, 1857.

WOOD, COAL, AND LIME DEPOT.

THE Subscriber having taken the large warehouse recently erected by J. W. Hinton Esq., opposite the store of Messrs. Hinton & Dashiell where he intends keeping constantly on hand a large supply of Coal, Wood, Lime, Hay and Bricks. He will also attend to the receiving and forwarding all articles to his care; to the selling of goods upon consignment at the best market prices, and will make immediate returns. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

B. T. MILLER agt.

PAPER HANGINGS

Borders, Window Shades,
Lace Curtains, Cornices,
Bands, De Laines, Damasks
Gimps, Tassels, Loops, &c.
—ALSO—
Velvets, Tapestry, 3 Ply
Ingrain, and Venetian Carpets,
Floor Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.,

In great variety and at all prices, can be found at our warerooms, No. 26 Main street.

WM A WALTERS & CO.,
Upholsterers and Paper Hangers
may 26

New Watch Making Establishment.

THE UNDERSIGNED INTENDING to make Elizabeth City their permanent residence, are prepared to repair Watches and Clocks of any description, and will do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. Work done with the greatest despatch and warranted. JEWELRY mended in a substantial, durable and elegant manner. Ladies and gentlemen are requested to give them a trial. A share of public patronage will be thankfully received. Please to call at the store formerly occupied by Col. Cook, dec'd.

W. GEORGE SARTORIES & BRO.

E. City, Oct. 14, 1856.

E. P. TABB & CO.,
NORFOLK, VA.,

HAVE removed their stock of *HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, GRATES, BLACKSMITH & CARPENTERS TOOLS, CASTINGS*, &c., &c., to the store formerly occupied by Messrs. Paul, Pegram & Co., and recently by Messrs. Herman & Co., East corner of Market square and Main street, where they will be pleased to see their old friends and customers Their stock will present to country merchants inducements which will not fail to be appreciated.

sep 23—15t

JUST OPENED AT THE BEE HIVE

50 ROOLS of Matting; 20 pieces 4-4, 15 pieces 5-4, and 15 pieces of 6-4 which will be sold low.

Also, a splendid opening of Berage Robes, very cheap and in beautiful styles.

Silks at great bargains.

Parasols, Embroideries, of all kinds, and a full stock of all kinds of goods, in our line.—The Bee Hive is 32 Main street.

jun 23 JAMES SMITH.

DR. R. K. SPEED.

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
AN DEALER IN

Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty,
Perfumery
Fancy Articles,
Fine Cutlery,
Smoking and
Chewing Tobacco,
Segars and Superior
Wines and Liquors for Medical purposes,
ROAD STREET, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

DR. SPEED'S office is above the Drug Store. All calls promptly attended to.

Physicians and Planter's orders promptly filled with genuine Medicines and on as reasonable terms as can be procured South of Baltimore.

mh 10

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
CAMDEN COUNTY.

John C. Pearce vs. Joshua Brothers. } Original attachment.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Joshua Brothers is not an inhabitant of this State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered by said Court that publication be made for six weeks in the "Democratic Pioneer" for him to appear at the next Term of this Court to be held at the Court House, in Camden County, on the second Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the above recited case or this notice will be taken pro confesso and judgment had accordingly. Witness WM. A. DUKE, Clerk of said Court the second Monday of June 1857.

WM. A. DUKE, C. C. C.

Aug. 4, 1857.—6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
CAMDEN COUNTY.

Willis Bass vs. Joshua Brothers. } Original attachment.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Joshua Brothers is not an inhabitant of this State, or so conceals himself, that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered by said Court that publication be made for six weeks in the "Democratic Pioneer" for him to appear at the next Term of this Court to be held at the Court House, in Camden county on the second Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the above recited case, or this notice will be taken pro confesso and judgment had accordingly.—Witness, WM. A. DUKE, Clerk of said Court the second Monday of June 1857.

WM. A. DUKE, C. C. C.

Aug. 4, 1857.—6w

JOSEPH I. BURGESS,
AMBROTYPE ARTIST,
ELIZ. CITY, N. C.

HAVING rented the rooms formerly occupied by Mr. Mann as a printing office, will open his Ambrotype Gallery at the same about the 10th of August The rooms will be fitted up in fine style with a Ladies parlor and a piano therein for the amusement of the Ladies who may see fit to give him a call.

Pictures taken from 50cts. to any price that is desired. I have two sizes of Cameras, one for large and the other for small. In which pictures can be taken as small or as large as desired.

JOS. I. BURGESS, *Artist.*

E. City, July 14 1857.—tf.

NOTICE.

LIVERY STABLES.

I RETURN MY SINCERE THANKS to my friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me, and ask a continuance of the same. I shall always keep on hand fine horses, vehicles &c. for hire, and also board horses either by the single meal, week, month, or year.

It will be my pleasure to accommodate and oblige those who may favor me with their patronage, and therefore will always be prepared to furnish good horses and vehicles.

☞ Stables, on Road street, nearly opposite the old Bank.

CHAS. B BROTHERS.

E City, July 14 1857.—tf.

AT HOME AGAIN

LIVERY STABLES.

THE SUBSCRIBER would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has again taken charge of the Stables formerly kept by himself, but more recently in the possession of Messrs. Hinton & Lamb, where he will keep for hire horses either in harness or saddle, and vehicles of every description upon the most reasonable terms. He is also prepared to board hosses by the single meal, week, month or year. Having been proprietor of these stables before, it is needless to say one word in reference to his attention to horse left in his care. Upon that subject he is well known

Persons putting up their horses at the stables, will have their baggage conveyed to either of the hotels, or any where else in town free of charge.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Elizabeth City, July. 14 1857.—tf.

NEW SADDLERY AND HARNESS

ESTABLISHMENT IN E. CITY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD take this method of informing the citizens of Elizabeth City, and surrounding country, that they are prepared to manufacture Saddles, Harness, Mattresses and Sofas. They keep constantly on hand an assortment of ready-made coarse and fine Harness.

Repairing of Harness, Saddles, Trunks, Sofas and Mattresses, done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Shop at the Stables of Mr. Charles Brothers.

MARTIN BURKE & BRO.

April 5, 1857—1y

PLOWS—All farmers who study their interest, know the importance of good plowing. To enable them to accomplish this necessary work, I take pleasure in imparting the information that I have recently added to my very large stock of Plows 18 entirely new patterns for one, two and three horses, all of which I warrant to work to the entire satisfaction of all who will give them a trial, and I further guarantee that the castings will wear twice as long as those in ordinary use. The largest stock of Plows, Castings, Harrows, Cultivators, Devils, Stuffers, &c., on hand to be found in any one house in the United States.

PLOWS.
PLOWS.
PLOWS.
PLOWS.
PLOWS.

Order remitting the needful, or satisfactory city acceptance, w meet with prompt attention.

fe 10 S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

APRIL 24th, 1857.

OPENING THIS MORNING AT THE

"BEE HIVE,"

A SPLENDID assortment of Spring and Summer Goods.

2 cases of Lawns, warranted fast colors, at 12½ cents, and a large stock of the same goods up to the finest French,

Jackonet and Organdie Robes in great variety and at low prices,

Pantaloon Stuffs and Vestings, in all the different kinds at low prices,

Swiss Setts, very rich French Work, at prices,

Collars and sleeves, of all kinds,

Parasols, of our own manufacture, of all the new styles and will be sold as low as any jobber can in the country.

Call and see that there is nice goods at lower prices than any house in Norfolk.

BEE HIVE.

ap 24 No. 33 Main street, Norfolk, Va.

MILK LEG, DREADFUL ULCER—PALPITATION, WEAKNESS—MOTHER AND DAUGHTER CURED—HAMPTON'S TINCTURE TRIUMPHANT!

HUNDREDS OF OUR OWN CITIZENS, the Rich, the Poor, everywhere, bear the same TESTIMONY.

Read the following certificate from a lady, endorsed by Postmaster E. P. Cooper:

CAPON BRIDGE,
Hampshire county, Va., March 1, 1854.

Mr. E. P. Cooper.—Dear Sir: Agreeable to your request, and my own desire to benefit the afflicted, I hereby certify the great relief I received from the use of HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.

I was taken with a violent palpitation, or rather fluttering of the heart, which continued several days; it seemed as though my heart had almost forgotten its office. The family became alarmed and procured a bottle of this valuable medicine, and before I had taken near one bottle of this valuable medicine, and before I had taken near one bottle of this TINCTURE OF HAMPTON'S I was entirely relieved.

This is the third instance of relief in my family by the use of this valuable medicine. Two or three years ago, I was laid up with ulceration of my ankle, from the effect of what is usually called a milk leg. I had lost all taste and appetite; and the sore which was some four inches up and down, and half-way around my ankle, rejected every effort to heal it, until I procured HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, one bottle of which restored my health healed my ankle, and I am freer from swelling than the last thirty years.

Again, one of my daughters was very low from severe disentery, and when she began to sit up her feet commenced swelling which increased every day, to be very painful—she used a bottle of Hampton's Tincture: the pains were assuaged, the swellings subsided and her health returned—we kept her legs bandaged with strips of woollen until her strength returned.

I have been thus particular, that others, under similar circumstances, might be induced to avail themselves of this remedy.

Yours with respect,

I do hereby certify that I am personally quainted with Mrs. Edwards, and can safely commend the above statement to be correct.

E. P. COOPER, Postmaster.
Capon Bridge, Hampshire co., Va.

☞ Delicate ladies and children will please give it a trial.

REV. VERNON ESKRIDGE, U. S. N.
Portsmouth, Va., Aug., 18, 1851.

MR. J. E. BOUSH.—Sir, While I am in general opposed to Patent Medicines, candor compels me to state that I have great confidence in the virtues of HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. For several months past I have used it in my family, and in dispepsia, loss of appetite, dizziness and general debility, with entire success. So far as my experience extends therefore, I take pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted, as a safe and efficient remedy.

I am respectfully yours,
VERNON ESKRIDGE,
Chaplain U. S. N.

Portsmouth, Va., Aug. 18, 1852.

THE FEMALE SYSTEM.
LIVER COMPLAINT—DEBILITY.
Extract from James Harris, Esq's Letter, Alexandria, Va.

After speaking of wonderful cures on himself, he says: "Mrs. H. has been suffering with the liver complaint and with debility, constantly complaining, from weakness, through her whole system. She now enjoys better health than for thirty years, being entirely restored by the use of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture."

DISEASED SIDE, BREAST AND EYES.
Extract from a Letter from J. Grimes, Esq., London county, Va.

"My wife has been for years afflicted with great weakness, pain in the breast, side and back; palpitation of the heart; feebleness of the nervous system; loss of appetite; complexion sallow; the sight of one eye almost gone, the other very weak. I am pleased to say, Hampton's Tincture has restored her to perfect health. Her eyes are as good now as ever they were.

RHEUMATISM THIRTY-EIGHT YEARS.

Mrs. B. Bagwell of Virginia, suffered from Rheumatism from her 12th to her 50th year of age; at times entirely helpless. Being wealthy, she employed the best medical attendance and tried many medicines, but was cured only by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.

CHRONIC INFLAMATORY RHEUMATISM.

The wife of Thomas M. Venable, 76 Pearl st., was a great sufferer for eight years. Restored to perfect health by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.

MERCURIAL RHEUMATISM.

Mr. Jarret Plummer, 168 East Baltimore st., suffered with this disease intensely six years; could not sleep; dreadful ulcers formed on his ribs, from which splinters of bones issued. His physicians pronounced him incurable; but Hampton's Vegetable Tincture cured him.

HEREDITARY SCROFULA.

A boy in the family of Hon. W. P. Thomasson, once member of Congress from Kentucky, was a mass of sores from head to foot. His eyelids turned inside out, protruding over the eyeballs so as to produce blindness. He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASE, &c.

Mr. Wm. Oldham, of Baltimore Custom House, suffered with these complaints for 18 months, with both body and mind seriously affected.—He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture

☞ HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE is the great purifier of the blood by its mild but powerful action on the stomach, Liver and Kidneys, will cure Dyspepsia, Cough, Asthma, Bronchial and Lung affections, Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Gout, Pains in the Breast Side and Back, Neuralgia, Fistula, Piles, Bowel Complaint, Worms, Nervous Debility: with all diseases arising from impure blood, and as a Female Medicine it has no equal.

Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, Baltimore, and by Druggists generally. je 6

HERTFORD ACADEMY.
FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS SCHOOL will open on Monday the 5th of October, under the management of D. Bardin, assisted by Miss Virginia Wood, graduate of Chowan Female Institute.

RATES OF TUITION AS HERETOFORE.

Primary English, per term	$10,00
Higher English & Mathematics	12.00
French	5,00
Music on Piano, with use of Instrument	20,00
" " Guitar " "	10,00
Schoolroom expenses	1,00

Tuition—invariably half in advance.

Pupils will be admitted at any period (and charged from time of entrance) though it is desirable they should enter at the commencement of the term.

No deduction will be made for lost time, except in case of protracted illness. For further particulars address

D. BARCLIFT, Principal.

Aug. 25, '857—tf.

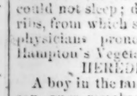
TO THE FISHERMEN AND SHIP BUILDERS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

WE OFFER to the Fishermen a superior article of *Seine Twine, Ropes and Corks.*

Also to Ship Builders and Owners of Vessels, Spikes, Oakum, Cordage, Anchors, Chains, Cotton Duck, Paints and Oils, and are prepared to furnish estimates for outfits of vessels, when the draught is furnished.

DOYLE & IRWIN,
aug 19—1y Norfolk, Va.

FOR SALE.



The subscriber offers for sale, privately, on very accommodating terms, the staunch and strong schooner SARAH ANN, now in excellent sailing order. Apply to Henry Culpepper, or to the subscriber on board

JEROME SIMMONS.

Eliz. City Feb 5, 1856

BERRY'S CITY HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
EDWIN BERRY, PROPRIETOR.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform his friends and patrons, and the public generally, that he has leased for a term of years the Hotel formerly kept by Geo. A. Williams, Esq., and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage.

His table will always be furnished with the very best edibles afforded by our market, and his servants will be found polite and attentive.

The travelling public are requested to give him a call. Every possible exertion will be made to give entire satisfaction to those who may stop at the "CITY HOTEL".

April 28, 1857—1y

NEW BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,

The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of

School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous

BOOKS.

Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American

STATIONERY.

Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY
—NEW,—

and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston, do.
James B. Smith & Co., do.
T. B. Peterson, do.
Harper & Brothers, New York.
D. Appleton & Co., do.
Robert Carter & Bros., do.
Charles Scribner, do.
Derby & Jackson, do.
Little, Brown & Co., Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co., do.
Ticknor & Fields, do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co., do.
Gould & Lincoln, do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to

W. P. GRIFFITH,
oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

STEWART & CO.
NOW OFFER A
MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS.

COMMENCEMENT OF
THE FALL TRADE.
$50,000 worth of

SILKS, SHAWLS,
FRENCH MERINOS
AND CASHMERES,
PRINTED MOUSLINS,
EMBROIDERIES, &c.,

Now open from the recent large

AUCTIONS IN NEW YORK.

All of which we are selling at

ONE HALF THE USUAL PRICES.

We invite particular attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT

and Dress Goods generally.

MOURNING GOODS.
ALL KINDS CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.
A FULL STOCK OF
LINEN AND COTTON GOODS.
GUYIN'S Celebrated KID GLOVES
of our own Importation.
HOSIERY OF ALL KINDS.
RAVATS, GLOVES AND HANDKERCHIEFS
BLANKETS, BLANKETS,
ENGLISH WHITNEY DO., MACKINAW
AND AMERICAN, SERVANTS AND
CHILDREN'S BERTH, CRIB AND
CRADLE.
GENT'S TRAVELING SHAWLS AND RAILROAD RUGS.
OUR DEPARTMENT FOR FARMERS

Is well cared for. We have been very careful in selecting the most durable fabrics, such as are suited for the Virginia and North Carolina demand; the prices are uniform and are at low figures.

We enumerate: Kersey, Bro and Grey Satinet, Tweed, Linsey, Jeans, Sheeps Grey, Full-cloth Kindsey, Osnaburgs, No. 1 and 2, Plain and Twilled Osnaburg, Brown Sheeting and Cottons, Calico, Black and Colored, Servants' Socks. White and colored

BLANKETS,

for servants, and every article usually kept in our line. An examination of our stock is solicited.

W. P. STEWART & CO.,
Nos. 25 Main, and 17 Hill sts.,
oct 7 Norfolk, Va.

CARPET, OIL-CLOTH,
CURTAIN AND PAPER-HANGING
WARE-ROOMS,
NO. 25, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the public, to his large and handsome assortment of

VELVET,
TAPESTRY,
THREE PLY,
INGRAIN AND
COMMON CARPETS,
RUGGETS,
RUGS,
DOOR MATS, &c.,
FURNITURE AND
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.
—ALSO—

Satin De Laines, Worsted, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Col'd. Velvet and Common Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Tassels, Loops, &c.

All of which, together with a complete assortment of Gilts, Velvet, Satin and Common Papers, Borders, Fire Screens and Curtain Papers, he offers at the lowest prices.

WM. A. WALTERS,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger,
dec 2 No. 26, Main street.

P. S.—Persons living out of the city, can have their Carpets cut and made to fit, by furnishing us with a plat of their rooms W. A. W.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED wishing to quit the business offers at private sale, his TWO FARMS known as the "Sutton and Morrice Farms," on "Turkey Ridge" in Perquimans County, N. C.

For beauty and rich land both of the said Farms equal if not surpass any in the Eastern part of North Carolina. The part of the two Farms under cultivation is very productive and desirable to the Farmer. An opportunity of purchasing land of *such extra* quality is seldom offered. The first tract contains about SEVEN HUNDRED ACRES, the second FIVE HUNDRED and over. Both of the said Farms may be converted into one if required. They have on them two good tenements and out buildings, and convenient to two Landings for shipping. It lies in a compact body, but may be easily divided into several tracts.

All persons wishing to examine the land, are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves. The undersigned will take pleasure in riding over and showing the land.

I will offer for sale upon liberal terms of credit, provided such security as required be given.

W. A. MEBANE

Woodville, Nov. 25, 1856.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing the citizens of E. City and vicinity, that he has taken the LARGE WAREHOUSE formerly occupied by Messrs. W. T. & J. M. Hinton, for stowing away GOODS or PRODUCE, and will keep constantly on hand for sale, WOOD, COAL, LIME and BRICKS.

B. T. MILLER, Agt.

March 31, 1857

HORSE POWERS AND THRESHER

I have on hand a large assortment of Horse Powers and Wheat Threshers, of the most desirable patters, which I offer at very low prices. Orders solicited.

S. MARCH.

aug. 4.

NAG'S HEAD HOTEL.

THE PROPRIETORS of this delightful

SUMMER RESORT

take pleasure in announcing to the public, that after a thorough and refitting of the Hotel, they are accommodate all who may favor them with patronage. They prefer to make willing that the public verdict should be announced upon their acts.

The services of attentive assistants in department, have been secured, and

BAND OF MUSIC

engaged for the season. The Proprietors be permitted